

# War News.

Messages Received  
Previous to 9 A. M.

## ARRANGEMENTS MADE FOR TRANSFER OF PASSENGERS.

NEW YORK, July 16. Arrangements have been made to transfer the passengers of the Kristianiafjord to the Swedish-American liner Stockholm, which will take them on board at St. John's and carry them to their destination. It was announced by the officials of the Swedish-American line. The Stockholm left here last February for Sweden, but was detained at Halifax by the British authorities and has been there ever since. It was said that arrangements had been made with the British Government by which she can complete the Kristianiafjord's voyage.

## FRENCH WIN POSITIONS.

Grand Headquarters of the French Army in France, July 16 (Associated Press).—A double victory was won by the French last night among the clump of hills known as the Moronvillers Massif, to the west of Rheims, as a result of well-conceived plans and brilliantly executed tactics. The German prisoners taken numbered several hundred, the exact total not being computed when the correspondent left the battlefield. Great significance is attached to the ground captured, which, although small in extent, possesses immense importance, as the Germans, by having it snatched from them, lost the only remaining observatories in this region, and will thus be greatly hindered in future operations. The hill group consists of five heights, Carrillet, Mont Blond, Mont Haute, the Casque, and the Teton. Before to-night's fight the French held all the crests, but the saddles between Mont Blond and Mont Haute and the Casque and the Teton were occupied by the Germans, who were able to watch French movements from these points of vantage. The correspondent observed the artillery preparation and the actual battle from a point whence the entire clump could be observed, and the progress of the troops could be viewed. Unusually, hour after hour, the guns belched forth shells, but little noise could be heard on the French side in consequence of the direction of the wind. All around the ground was peppered, and the immense clouds of various colored smoke and crashing of explosives told of the heaviness of the bombardment. The French knew that fronting them by strong German forces, for three divisions had been recognized, the 19th Hanoverian, the 7th Prussian and the 23rd. The French infantry attacks at the extremities of the Moronvillers clump on the two saddles began at

the same time and were carried out with such dash that the Germans gave way everywhere or surrendered. At the western end the advance attained an average depth of 200 yards along a half mile front, while at the eastern end the average depth gained was 300 yards along about a third of a mile, but these small spaces contained all the German observatories. Immediately dozens of French and German rockets flashed into the air either calling for help or announcing the results. Simultaneously a depot of rockets caught fire and thousands of brilliant balls of flame lighted the scene like a pyrotechnic display, amid which seven German observation balloons rose audaciously near the front line to investigate the situation, for the German staff was shut out from view by the loss of the observatories. Prisoners meanwhile came pouring into the French lines, and the German barrage fire opened trying to prevent the French from bringing up reinforcements to the front. The inevitable German counter attack began shortly afterward, but the effort to drive the French from the positions they had won did not succeed. The artillery fire was most intense throughout the early hours of the night, and further German counter-attacks are to be expected. In the meantime Rheims, near by, suffered from the vengeance of the German commanders, who also shelled small villages far in the rear of the French lines as reprisal for their defeat. The sight of long lines of children, women and old men taking refuge in open field amid the darkness and drenching rain was a pitiful one.

## RUSSIAN PROGRESS.

LONDON, July 16. The occupation by the Russians of the Galician town of Dolina is reported in a Petrograd despatch. The Austrian army of General Buchner Metel is said to have been thrown back on the Carpathians.

## SUBS. REPORTED SUNK.

LONDON, July 16. Four of the largest and most modern German submarines were destroyed by American warships which were conveying the first instalment of American troops to France, according to a report from German sources as contained in a Berne despatch to a Rome news agency, and forwarded from Rome by the Central News.

## RAIDS REPULSED.

LONDON, July 16. The following was issued today by the war office: Hostile raids were repulsed last night with loss to the enemy northwest of Poyonaise les Croisilles, in the neighborhood of Amantieres. We made a successful raid near Oppy and a few prisoners were taken by us.

## THE NEW CHANCELLOR'S PROGRAMME.

LONDON, July 16. A German wireless despatch received here summarises the opinion of the German newspapers on the programme of Dr. Michaelis, the new Imperial Chancellor, as unity on internal questions, confidence and solicitation regarding foreign problems and the maintenance of the proved policy of alliances. A majority of the papers, it is stated by a despatch, welcomes the new Chancellor.

## SAFETY OF SOLDIERS FIRST.

LONDON, July 16. Premier Lloyd George, replying to a deputation of London Members of the Commons, admitted that there was a special case for defending London, but said that the safety of the soldiers at the front must be put first. If anyone said to the contrary, he declared, let them find another Government. We have no hesitation in supporting the claim of the military advisers that the soldiers at the front must have the first demand on our resources. The Premier emphasized the urgency of having swarms of airplanes at the front to detect enemy positions. It was untrue, he declared, that London was devoid of fighting craft. Actually more first class British fighters went up than the number of raiders. He emphasized the difficulty of vitally hitting airplanes, adding instances from France, and pointed out that four machines were brought down out of twenty-four, a higher percentage than, for example, two out of 84 French raiders recently brought down by the Germans.

## THE IRISH QUESTION.

LONDON, July 16. Sir Horace Plunkett in a statement in reply to a question as to whether he was in agreement with the view that the election of Edward Devanter, Sinn Feiner, as member of Parliament for East Clare, killed the prospects of the convention in Ireland to consider Home Rule, said: "The Republicans are not the only extremists. There are quite as many people who are seriously opposed to any change at all as in favor of complete separation. The Convention's work would be to show that neither policy is practicable nor desirable, and to find an acceptable compromise be-

# Our Semi-Annual CLEAN SWEEP SALE

Has invaded our Dry Goods Department and taken the goods by storm, so that we offer prices unheard of for awhile to make room for new goods to arrive.

## LADIES' SKIRTS.

The latest American cut, Navy and Striped Grey. Prices from \$2.95 up. Special, \$6.50, now \$5.50. Also Underskirts in White from 95c. each up.

## LADIES' BLOUSES.

Silk White Voile, Lawn, Black Sateen, Cashmere, Striped Cotton. Prices from 75c. up to \$3.50. A few soiled, values up to 85c., now 35c. All Blouses reduced 20 to 30 per cent. to clear.

## Ladies' One-Piece Dresses.

We have them in White Embroidery, Fancy Muslin, Blue Linen, Striped Linen; also Pique Dresses, Fawn Linen; all to go in this Great Sale at wonderful reductions, as the order is to clear all Summer Goods at any reasonable price.

Also LADIES' VESTS, HOSIERY, CAMISOLES, APRONS, HANDKERCHIEFS, and the many other things in the Ladies', Misses' and Children's wear too numerous to mention, to go at special prices.

In the Men's Department we are making special prices on everything, so that we invite one and all to come and share in the saving our Semi-Annual Sale gives.

# The C. L. MARCH Co., Ltd.

Corner Springdale and Water Streets.

them. It will be a difficult and protracted task, but there will be a substantial majority of the Convention determined to see it through, and I believe it will succeed." Lawrence Ginnel, Nationalist Member of Parliament for North Division of West Meath, has announced the resignation of his seat in Parliament, and said he will join the Sinn Feiners. Lawrence Ginnel, for many years, has been an uncompromising critic of the Government in Parliament. Since the war he has been particularly strong in attack on the various policies of the Government.

## ATTACKS SIR ROBERT BORDEN.

OTTAWA, Ontario, July 16. J. C. Waters, President of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, in a speech at Hull, Quebec, last night, attacked Sir Robert Borden, who, he declared, had been guilty of a breach of faith in not consulting organized labor before bringing in conscription. He also asserted that organized labor throughout Canada would oppose the measure, even by Dominion-wide strikes, if necessary. The Government showed its faith by taking over the industries of the country, and devoting them to the needs of the Empire.

## GERMANS MAKE STRONG ATTACKS.

PARIS, July 16. The Germans made a series of strong attacks last night between the Somme and the Aisne and in the Champagne. To-day's official announcement says they were repulsed everywhere except near Mont Hante, in the Champagne, where they retained a few trench elements.

## MORE SINKINGS.

NEW YORK, July 16. Word of the sinking by German U-boats of the Leyland Line freighter Sylvaniana, 4,858 tons gross, bound in ballast from Liverpool to this port and of the steamer Kioto, 6,182 tons gross, of the White Star Line, formerly in the Manchester service, was received here to-day in marine insurance circles. The sinkings are reported to have occurred last week.

## RELEASED FROM HOSPITAL.—

Ex Pte. E. B. Harris, who entered the General Hospital about three weeks ago to undergo an operation, was released yesterday. This is the seventh time he has been under anaesthetics since leaving Gallipoli.

## Hon. R. Watson Makes Unqualified Denial.

Grenfell Association Desire Strict Investigation. St. John's, Nfld., July 16th, 1917.

Dear Sir,—On Saturday last, there appeared in your paper a report of a petition presented to the House of Assembly by Messrs. Baine Johnston & Co. and other business firms containing certain allegations against the International Grenfell Association. The accusations are very vaguely worded, but the net effect of them appears to be that the Association has imported goods free of duty on the ground that they were for charitable purposes and has then used them in trade, either by itself or through some of co-operative trading companies existing among the fishermen upon the coast where the Association operates; and the petitioners, commercial firms trading on the same coast, demand an investigation.

I desire on behalf of the Association and with the concurrence of the Medical Superintendent, Dr. Grenfell, to issue an absolute and unqualified denial of the allegations contained in this petition; and since the accusers have taken care to protect themselves from the law by putting their accusations in the form of a petition to the House of Assembly the Association joins with them in demanding a full, impartial and immediate investigation as the only means whereby these charges can be finally disposed of.

Insinuations of this sort have been industriously circulated for years past by interested parties; and we should welcome the fullest possible investigation, which cannot fail, if impartially conducted, to demonstrate the absolute dishonesty of the Association and of every one of its officials.

I remain, Sir,  
Your obedient servant,  
R. WATSON,  
Director.

CAPLIN IN PORT.—A large quantity of caplin were secured in the harbor yesterday by means of nets and were sold to farmers, for manure.

SQUID IN THE NARROWS.—Squid struck in at the narrows yesterday afternoon, and all the hook and line fishermen fished sufficient for a few days' baiting.

## Military Funeral.

The remains of the late Pte. Albert Myers, whose body was found on Saturday afternoon in the Harbor, were buried with full military honors yesterday. The casket was placed on a gun carriage drawn by a squad of volunteers. The Union Jack, helmet and side arms of the deceased rested on the casket. A firing party headed by the C.L.E. and preceded the gun carriage while a squad of soldiers and foresters brought up the rear. The remains were taken from the home of Mrs. Peck, Carter's Hill, mother of the dead soldier, to the C. E. Cemetery where interment took place. The burial service was read by the Rev. H. Uphill, who also officiated at the graveside. After the burial service the firing squad discharged three volleys while the regimental bugler sounded the Last Post.

## NITRATE OF SODA.

Interesting to farmers is the fact that crops are worth money. Now is the time to push the growing; buy Nitrate of Soda from TESSIER & CO. July 13.41

## Pte. Edward Sheehan.

Private Edward Sheehan, of "Ours," officially reported to have died of shell wounds a few days ago, was a well known young man in Holywood and noted for his exceptional strength and physique. He has two younger brothers, who offered their services to the Empire; Corporal Jack, who left here with the first contingent and is still on active service. He went through the Gallipoli campaign, was badly wounded in the memorable battle of Beaumont Hamel (July 1st), and was severely gassed in the battle of Monchy (April 14th), and Michael, a survivor of the terrible Newfoundland disaster, who suffered so much on that fatal occasion as to prevent him from becoming a soldier, though he tried to enlist with our regiment no less than a half dozen times and was rejected. The late Pte. Edward Sheehan, in the early part of the war, was one of the crew to go to Russia in the s.s. Lintrose and on his return made another trip there in the Adventure. He is survived by a father (an invalid), mother, sister and two brothers to whom much sympathy is extended.

## Prohibition and the Doctors.

Editor Evening Telegram.

Dear Sir.—Public opinion has been greatly exercised for the past six months over the weaknesses of the Prohibition Act and has waited patiently for the Government to settle the difficulties re patent medicines. This matter should now be properly handled by the Bill now before the House, and the findings of the Patent Medicine Committee will put those drugs in their proper relation to the Act.

Another matter which is the cause of much criticism and is not in accordance with the intention of the "Act" is the manner in which some of the doctors have been abusing the privileges allowed them in prescribing alcohol. It is stated on good authority that some of the doctors with the largest practices do not use five gallons per year, while other doctors, who think more of the dollars which the prescription brings them than of the morals of the community, require puncheons, and openly boast that the law allows them to do as they please in the matter.

Many remedies to cure this evil, which is growing in magnitude, are suggested. The most popular is the limitation of the amount of alcohol to be at the disposal of each doctor for 12 months. In arriving at the amount necessary for each doctor it would be fair to eliminate the half dozen doctors who have converted their surgeries into miniature saloons and be guided by the average quantity used by the other 15 doctors who are conducting a legitimate practice. The books of the Controller should supply this information.

Such a limit would strengthen the hands of the doctors and enable them to regulate the supply for needy cases only and cut out all "booze" cases.

Another aspect which calls for the attention of the Government is the appointment of a Board of Control similar to the Lunacy and Hospital Boards, who would be responsible for and supervise the Controller's department. It is not practicable for the members of the House to check up the reports of the Druggists, Doctors and Controller as provided in the Act and which should be done regularly. It is therefore necessary that a small board of, say, five reliable men be appointed. This board would enter into all the details in connection with the Controller's department and be responsible for its correct administration.

I trust that the new Prohibition Bill will not be railroaded through the House without giving these and similar much needed amendments serious consideration.

I am, yours, etc.,  
LIMITATION.  
St. John's, July 16, 1917.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.  
**THERAPION No. 1**  
CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESSES, DEATH, LOSS OF VOICE, SCURF, HAIR LOSS, ETC.  
**THERAPION No. 2**  
CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESSES, DEATH, LOSS OF VOICE, SCURF, HAIR LOSS, ETC.  
**THERAPION No. 3**  
CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESSES, DEATH, LOSS OF VOICE, SCURF, HAIR LOSS, ETC.

## ANONYMOUS.

I get some fierce communications about my warlike rhymes; my talks about the scrapping nations, it seems, are a little plain. "If you're so fond of red disaster, why don't you go and fight, and Europe's plains with carnage plaster?" Thus many people write. And some are men who thus assail me, and some are worthy dames; and in one thing they never fail me—they do not sign their names. I've had a thousand bitter letters since first this war uprose; from readers who are chronic fretters 'cause we must come to blows. They talk as though they'd like to jail me for boosting warlike games; and in one thing they do not fail me—they never sign their names. Oh, readers of this moral paper, this clean, uplifting sheet, if you don't like my daily caper, jump on me with both feet. But be good sports, and when you're jumping, let me know who you are; it will inspire me when I'm humping to write new songs of war. With caustic words you lam and whale me, as I toll in my hames; and in one thing you never fail me—you do not sign your names.

## Telegram Fashion Plates

The Home Dressmaker should keep a Catalogue Scrap Book of our Pattern Cuts. These will be found very useful to refer to from time to time.

### A PRACTICAL WORK DRESS.



2103—This style is popularly known as a "cover all" apron or dress and is indeed a useful, desirable garment. It is pretty and becoming enough to be worn as a porch dress, if developed in appropriate materials.

The Pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. It requires 6 1/2 yards of 36-inch material for a 36-inch size. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

### A PLEASING COMBINATION.



Waist—2117. Skirt—2126. Here is a smart skirt that is most attractive for the new sports materials and equally suitable for serge, gabardine, silk, and wash fabrics. The waist may be of crepe, lawn, batiste, voile, silk, linen or pique, or, both skirt and waist may be made of one material. The Waist Pattern 2117 is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. It requires 2 1/2 yards of 36-inch material for a 36-inch size. The skirt 2126 is cut 7 sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inches waist measure. It requires 3 yards of 44-inch material for a 24-inch size. The skirt measures about 2 1/2 yards at the foot.

This illustration calls for TWO separate patterns which will be mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents, FOR EACH pattern, in silver or stamps.

No. ....  
Size .....  
Address in full: .....  
Name .....

## POSITIVE SALE!

Extensive Timber Limit, together with Freeholds, on the waterside of South and West Rivers, Hall's Bay; apply early to  
**JAMES R. KNIGHT**

## T. J. EDENS.

Due on Thursday, July 12, '17, from New York:  
N. Y. CHICKEN.  
N. Y. CORNED BEEF.  
FRESH EGGS.  
CAL. ORANGES.  
BANANAS.  
CAL. LEMONS.  
CHEERRIES.  
TABLE PEAS.  
GRAPE FRUIT.  
CANTALOUPE.  
TOMATOES.  
CUCUMBERS.  
NEW CABBAGE.  
BERMUDA ONIONS.

## PURITY BUTTER.

2 lb. prints  
Fresh stock just in. Butter is cheaper this week.  
Selected Eating Potatoes, 15c. gallon.  
Strawberry Jam, 1 lb. glass.  
Marmalade, 1 lb. glass.  
Blueberries, 15c. tin.  
Kingan's Bacon, 3 lb. pieces, 45c. lb.  
Pork & Beans, 3 1/2, 25c. package.  
Tomatoes, 3 1/2, 20c. package.  
Bird's Ice Cream Powder, 15c. package.  
1 lb. Corn Flour, 25c. pkg.  
Shredded Wheat Biscuits, 16c. package.

NESTLE'S FOOD.  
BENGEY'S FOOD.  
ALLENBURY'S FOOD.  
NEAVE'S FOOD.

## T. J. EDENS.

Duckworth Street and Ravilna's Cross.

# RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"