Huron Signal.

WEEKLY EDITION

GEO. COX & ABRAHAM SMITH, Proprietors. "The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number." JAMES YOUNG, Editor.

$1.00 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE, $2.00 AT END OF YEAR.

GODERICH, ONTARIO, D.C., THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1871. VOL. XXIV—NO 2)

Business Directory.

Dr. P. A. McDougall
WILL BE AT HOME FOR CONSULTATION up to 11 o'clock, a. m. every day. Will visit patients at any hour afterwards, night or day w4

G. C. Shannon M. D.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c., Goderich, C. W 12-40-y

DR. McLEAN.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, CORONER, &c. Office and Residence third door east of Central School. 49

G. M. McMICKING, M. D.
LICENTIATE COLLEGE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, C. E. Residence, the house formerly occupied by Mr. J. F. C. Calder, Eight Street.

DR. CASSADY,
(of McGill College)
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., Office, over his Drug store, Goderich, Ontario. sw105

Alex Lewis,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, and Solicitor-in-Chancery, County Crown Attorney Goderich, Canada West. Office in Court House. v14n6

Cameron & Garrow.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, &c. Office, Kingston street, Goderich.
M. C. CAMERON. w43 J. T. GARROW.

Doyle & Squier,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS in Chancery, &c. Goderich, Ont.
B. D. DOYLE. sw5 W. R. SQUIER. B.A.

William R. Bain, B. A.
CHANCERY AND LAW OFFICE. GRAHAM'S NEW buildings, Kingston, Street Goderich.
N. B.—Conveyancing, Money lent on reasonable terms. Disputed and defective titles to real estate quieted. Goderich, Aug. 14 1869. w30

Isaac F. Toms,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR in Chancery, &c., Goderich, Ontario. Officeabb's block, Kingston street sw77

M. NICHOLSON,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Rooms over the Post Office, West Street, Goderich.
August 14th, 1870 w301f

S. Malcomson,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, &c. &c. Clinton, Ont.
MONEY TO LEND. w35

Strong & Squier.
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS, NO 6, Arcade Building, Buffalo, N. Y.
JAMES C. STRONG, Attorney-at-Law. H. R. SQUIER. Aug. 13th 1869. w50

D. McDougall
LICENSED AUCTIONEER, BAYFIELD, County of Huron. Sales in village or country punctually attended to. w9-1yr8

L. R. Hamlin,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, LAND Valuator and Conveyancer. Kincardine. 1

ARCHITECTURE.
THE undersigned is prepared to furnish Plans, Specifications, &c., of Public and Private Buildings, and also to superintend the erection of the same.
W. HICK.
OFFICE—Jordan's Block, Market Square.
Goderich, April 4 1871. sw64

I. O. O. F.
HURON LODGE NO 62. Meets at their Hall, Ibbon Block, Goderich, every Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Entrance on Kingston street. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.
D. CAMPBELL, Secretary.
Goderich, Feb. 3d, 1871, w3-1y—

W. G. WILSON
Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
Insurance & Real Estate Agent
COMMISSIONER IN B. R.
DEEDS, MORTGAGES, &c.,
DRAWN AND EXECUTED.
MONEY TO LOAN AT 8 per cent.
till 1876. sw17-1y ZURICH, O

JAMES STEWART
WHOLESALE AGENT
OF
he far-famed and reliable St Catherine's Nursery. D. W. BEADLE ESQ.
FOR ALL KINDS OF
FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, GREENhouse Plants Grape Vines, &c., &c.
Any stock not on hand, ordered on the shortest notice. House—Maitlardville. Goderich P. O.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

GODERICH LODGE ON. 33
G. R. C. A. F. A. M.
THE REGULAR COMMUNICATION is held on the first Wednesday of each month at 7.30 p. m. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
W. DICKSON, Sec.
Goderich 4th May, 1871.
sw73-1y

Gooding's Banking Office
WEST STREET, GODERICH,
BUYS Greenbacks, American Silver and Drafts. Good Farmers' Notes discounted and purchased, money loaned on Chattel Mortgage. Deposits received at 5 per cent interest payable on call.
ANDREW WADDELL, Agent.
Goderich, 10th Feb, 1871. sw 4071

TAILORING
D. ADAMS
RETURNS HIS MOST SINCERE THANKS for the very flattering encouragement he has received since he commenced business in Goderich, not being able to execute over one-half of the orders brought to him last season having now secured facilities for
Carrying on Business Extensively
and employing none but first-class tradesmen And as D. A. believes his experience as Cutter is second to none in the Province, having carried on business extensively and successfully in Hamilton, principally first-class customers, and having been Cutter, one of the Principal Establishments in Edinburgh, Scotland, he earnestly state to a discerning public that
CLOTHING CAN BE MADE
his establishment equal to any of the Establishments in Toronto or Montreal.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870. w3

Send $1.00 AND GET THE SIGNAL For 12 months.

IMPORTAN NOTICE.
F. R. MANN,
House Sign & Carriage Painter
DESIRES TO ACQUAINT THE PUBLIC THAT he has fitted up a shop on North street next to the Wesleyan Methodist Church, with varnish room attached where he is prepared to fill all orders promptly, and at reasonable prices Thankful for the patronage of the last 7 years solicits a continuance of the same.
Now is the time to Paint your Cutters Sleighs, and Carriages.
Orders from country Carriage shops attended to with dispatch.
Sign Painting, Gilding, Graining, Glazing, Paperhanging &c.
F. R. MANN.
Goderich, Aug. 15, 1870 sw1

Business Directory.

Stoves! Stoves!

LEAD PIPES, &c., &c. EAVETROUGHS & CONDUCTING PIPE.
PLAIN AND FANCY
TIN WARE,
COAL OIL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Coal Oil Lamps, &c. &c. Old Iron Copper, Brass, Wool Pickings, and Sheep Skin taken in exchange.
J. & J. STORY.
Sign of the Large Coal Oil Barrel,
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 sw1

CLOSING OUT!!
A. MARTIN,
—o—
in view of changing his business, has determined on
SELLING OUT
his whole stock of Dry-goods at cost.
THIS IS NO HUMBUG
TO DECEIVE PEOPLE & THEN SELL THEM GOODS
At the Usual rates,
But an actual clearing OFF;
AND PARTIES WISHING TO
SECURE BARGAINS
—will—
SAVE 20 per CENT
—BY—
CALLING AND PURCHASING FROM
A. MARTIN
(Next door to A. Smith's Clothing Store Market Square.)
Goderich, Dec. 26th, 1870. sw37-1f—

NEW Waggon and Carriage FACTORY.
BATES & ELLIOTT
HAVE pleasure in intimating to the public of town and country that they have opened a Waggon and Carriage Shop on St. David's st, (Lewis Elliott's old stand,) immediately adjoining the Western Hotel. B. & E. attend personally to all the work entrusted to them, and are prepared to turn out
Waggons, Buggies, Cutters, Sleighs,
and workmanship and at the very lowest remunerative rates.
JOBBING
Promptly attended to.
ON HAND, a large assortment of
SLEIGHS
which will be sold Cheap for Cash or Cord-wood.
Goderich, Au 1 1870. w30

London Commercial College AND Telegraph Institute.
NO SUMMER VACATION.
TEN PER CENT ALLOWED ON SCHOLARSHIP till the first of June.
Our Business Course is decidedly the most thorough and practical ever introduced into any College in Canada.
Every facility for teaching Telegraphy.
Students may enter at any time.
Send for Circular, &c.
JONES AND McCHARLES Proprietors.
London 9th May 1871. w16-4t

MASONIC APRONS
FOR SALE AT H. GARDINER, & Co's.
Goderich, 5 July 1870. w

Business Directory.

PHOTOGRAPHS
$1.00 Per Dozen.

HALF DOZEN FROM BACK NEGATIVE 51 cents, postage free. One dozen from back negative 87 cents, postage free, to any address.
Particular Attention paid to Copying old Ambrotypes.
For either large or small photographs. The subscriber in returning thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, would just say that he has made such improvements in his gallery as will merit a continuance of the same.
A Great Reduction on Large Photographs.
E. L. JOHNSON.
Goderich, Aug. 15, 1870. w30

Feed! Feed!!
JUST RECEIVED AT
Shephard & Strachan's,
20 TONS OF BRAN, SHORTS & Midlings,
WHICH THEY WILL
Sell Cheap for Cash.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870. sw1

Land Office,
A REGISTER of Improved Farms and Wild Land for Sale,
G M TRUEMAN,
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 sw1

SALT TERRITORY.

FOR SALE, IN 2 ACRE BLOCKS, ON RAILWAY Track, immediately outside and adjoining the Corporation of Goderich, about 3 quarters of a mile from Market Square and commanding a leading road to town
This is one of the most valuable locations for Salt Works in this section for the saving of teaming and the economical purchase of wood. For further particulars apply at
"THE SIGNAL OFFICE."
Goderich, Nov. 19th, 1870. sw27 tf

SPRING COME AND SUMMER COMING.
HUGH DUNLOP,
NEXT door to Montreal Bank, has now received a full stock of
CLOTHS and TWEEDS
suitable for Spring and Summer wear, which he is prepared to make up, in any style.
Good Fit Warranted,
Ready-made Clothing, Gent's' Furnishing Goods, always on hand.
All Cheap for Cash.
Goderich, April 13th 1871

GODERICH
WAGON & CARRIAGE

Manufactory
THE Subscriber would announce to the public of Huron and Bruce, that he is now manufacturing first-class
Carriages, Waggons, Sleighs, Cutters, &c.,
which will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH.
JOHN PASMORE,
Victoria Street, Goderich
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

LOOK OUT FOR THE BIG WATCH

AS YOU GO TO THE POST OFFICE.
—:o:—
DOUGLASS McKENZIE returns his sincere thanks to the public for the generous patronage extended him, since he commenced business last fall, and is determined to deserve it more and more.
He would call special attention to the
RUSSELL WATCH
for the sale of which he is Sole agent in Goderich. He has on hand a very large stock of this reliable timekeeper which he is in a position to sell cheap, and to guarantee satisfaction to the purchaser. There is nothing more tantalising than a bad watch and there is no excuse for being annoyed with such, when THE RUSSELL is to be had cheap.
A complete assortment of gold and plated Jewellery. Watches and Clocks repaired in a workmanlike manner. Call and See.
DOUGLASS MCKENZIE.
Goderich, March 25th, 1870

ELEVATIONS. SPECIFICATIONS. PLANS AND DETAILS.
W. HICK,
JORDAN'S BLOCK.
ARCHITECT
Market Square,
Goderich
ONT.

GUINNES'
CELEBRATED DUBLIN PORTER.
IMPORTED DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER, and sold extremely low by
GEORGE GRANT, GROCR,
WEST SIDE SQUARE, GODERICH
PRICE ONLY $1.75 PER DOZ. BOTTLES
AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.
To be Had in Wood or Bottle
HOTELS PROMPTLY SUPPLIED
Goderich Sept. 23, 1870. sw10-tf

NEW CABINET AND UPHOLSTERING SHOP,
WEST STREET,
OPPOSITE BANK OF MONTREAL,
GODERICH.
ERIC McKAY,
WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANnounce that he has opened a new shop in the above line, on West Street, opposite the Bank of Montreal, where he will keep constantly on hand or make to order
FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.
Having on hand an assortment of Upholstering material, he will be prepared to fill promptly all orders in that line.
A quantity of Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings on hand.
Picture Framing to Order.
He trusts by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 30-tf

PIANOS, ORGANS,
MELODEONS, HOUSE ORGANS, CHURCH ORGANS, Piano Stools, &c., &c,
Manufactured by the celebrated Firm of
R. S. WILLIAMS & CO., TORONTO.
The most extensive makers in the Dominion.
THE undersigned begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for Goderich and the surrounding country of the above justly celebrated firm, and is prepared to sell all articles made by them at
MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.
Samples may be seen and terms ascertained at the Ware-Rooms, West Street.
DANIEL GORDON.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

Norway Oats.
I AM RECEIVING A CONSIGNMENT OF THE true Norway Oats from the original importers and growers, which I will
Sell at 50 cents per Peck.
also the genuine Sanford Corn which ripens in Sept Send in your orders at once, also Early Rose, Harrison and all leading varieties of Potatoes.
WILLIAM CAMPBELL
Goderich, 1st Feb, 1871. sw4

PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS
—:o:—
EXPEDITIOUSLY & PROPERLY
secured in Canada, the United States and Europe.
PATENT guaranteed or no charge. Send for printed instructions. Agency in operation ten years.
HENRY GRIST.
Ottawa, Canada
Mechanical Engineer, Solicitor of Patents and Draughtsman.
Feb. 11th 1871. w4-1y—

PAINTING
HENRY CLUCAS,
House, Sign & Ornamental Painter,
PAPER Hangers and Imitators of Woods and Marble
KINGSTON Street
GODERICH.
Opposite Saunders Hardware Store.
Goderich, Aug 17th, 1870. 1yw31

REMOVAL
—o—
DANIEL GORDON,
CABINET MAKER UPHOLSTERER,
HAS WITH A VIEW to keep up with the times purchased & fitted up the store two doors west of the Post Office as a
FURNITURE WAREHOUSE
where he will in future carry on the above business more extensively than ever. While thankful for past patronage, he hopes by strict attention to merit a continuance and increase of support.
HE HAS NOW ON HAND
one of the largest stocks of furniture in the County and is on the shortest notice prepared to supply customers with everything in his line, such as
Drawing room and Parlor Suits
Bedroom Suits in Walnut,
do do in Chestnut,
do do in White wood,
Mattresses of every description,
Feather Bolsters, Pillows, &c., &c.
ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Pictures such as Oil Paintings, Chromos, Lithographs Photographs of the Queen. Having made arrangements with a Toronto Manufacturing House can supply Picture Frames in any style required at Toronto prices.
Has always on hand a complete assortment of
Coffins & Shrouds in the Latest Style.
Also, HEARSES to hire.
Cheap FOR Cash
2 Doors West of Post Office.
Lumber and Cordwood taken in Exchange.
Goderich, Dec. 23rd, 1870. sw1

The Lover's Muse.

For the "Signal"

BY JOHN CARRICK.

First when my loved one I beheld
'Twas neath the evening's gathering fold,
'Twas Autumn nand the earth was drest
In radiant robes of Green and Gold.

I knew not then, but since I've found
An Arrow to my heart was driven
By Cupid's masterpiece: when first
An interchange of smiles was given.

It lingered mid the autumn shades,
Nor faded with the waning year,
And in the springtime, bloomed anew
A sacred blossom, cherished dear.

And now another spring has come,
Nor does this blossom sweet depart,
Time in his ceaseless course, but serves,
T' implant it deeper in my heart.

And while the season onward rolls
While varied scenes, and climes are ranged
I'will live nursed in a faithful heart
That's still unchanging, and unchanged.

Zurich May 25th 1871.

An Old Acquaintance.

Many in the county of Huron will be very glad to hear that Mr. Perceval, a former County engineer, who was highly esteemed while he resided amongst us, was held in equally high estimation in Amherst Island, his more recent home. The following letter, from a Kingston paper, describes the mementoes he received and the good wishes that follow him home to Ireland, where he purposes to reside.

Address and Testimonial to Mr Perceval of Amherst Island.

To the Editor of the *Daily News*.

Sir,—A public meeting was held here, for the above purpose, on Thursday last, on the occasion of Mr Perceval resigning the agency of the estate of his brother, Major Percival Naxwell, and taking his departure for Ireland, with the intention of residing, for the future, on his own estate there.

The testimonial presented to him consisted of a water or claret jug of solid silver, about eleven inches in height of excellent design and very rich and bold ornamentation, engraved with a dedicatory inscription; also of a salver of very beautiful workmanship, engraved in like manner, and goblet. These articles were selected at Montreal for the committee by private friends, and the subscribers highly approved of their choice.

The address was longer than I can ask for insertion in your columns; it was simple and earnest, seeking to give utterance to the deep feeling of regard, esteem and respect with which the undeviating integrity and public spirit of Mr Perceval have inspired the inhabitants of Amherst Island, and perhaps even more especially to the recognition of the remarkable kindness of feeling and manner and the ready aid, whether of head, hand, heart or purse when occasion required it, which have endeared him to them; and carefully not omitting all possible good wishes for Mrs Perceval as well as himself. This address neatly written, with one hundred and nineteen signatures, appended to it, and enclosed in a frame, having been previously approved without a dissentient voice, was read to Mr Perceval by the Secretary and handed to him. He made a reply eloquent with real feeling, his voice now and then somewhat broken with emotion, so graceful and natural on occasions of the kind, and always meeting with such ready sympathy. I much regret that I cannot trespass upon your columns so far as to ask its insertion in full. It made a great impression upon those who heard it, and was loudly applauded.

At the close of the meeting Mr Perceval entertained a very large party at tea in the great upper room of the cheese factory, where tables were laid with a delicious repast in most bounteous profusion for about a hundred and fifty guests—among all the other good things, pyramids upon pyramids of oranges, so dear to the feminine palate, stretching away in long ranges of rich colour and imparting brilliancy to the whole.

The occasion cannot but have been gratifying to Mr Perceval, both as a spontaneous and unanimous demonstration of the place that his long residence and public position and private character have won for him in the hearts of the people of Amherst Island, and a very agreeable opportunity for the exercise of his own liberal hospitality. It will be a pleasant recollection to carry home with him.—Your obedient servant,

ONE OF THE COMMITTEE.

Amherst Island, 28th April, 1871.

Emigrants to Canada.

Canada appears to be the favorite place among emigrants this season. A large number left London for Liverpool this week *en route* for that destination, and these will be followed by many others as the season advances, from all parts of the country. At such a time it is a matter of interest to all who contemplate emigrating to obtain the best information as to the real character of the change they are about to make. Many are induced to believe that Canada is a sort of terrestrial Paradise, where wealth is to be obtained without labor. Nothing is more certain than that fortunes of emigrants in Canada will differ, just as there are differences in the old country. All emigrants are not equally successful; but what those who propose to emigrate have to look to is not an individual case, which may be exceptional, but the general prospects of the class to which they belong. From the very best information that can be obtained, we believe that a workman will obtain higher wages in Canada, he cheaper in respect to food, and save more money than he can do in this country. We allude of course, to persons accustomed to manual labor. Clerks are not wanted in Canada; but handy, sober, industrious mechanics and laborers succeed almost without exception. Canada has not the English climate; and those who expect to find no change in this respect will be disappointed. Colonial life presents many novel features; but those who prize independence soon get accustomed to the new ways. Canada is a lightly taxed country; it is a free country, in a political sense; it is daily rising in importance and prosperity, and is probably destined to be the future home of hundreds of thousands of persons now in England; so that an emigrant is not destined to meet in Canada persons differing from him in language and habit. To a great extent his neighbors are his own townsmen. Caution is no doubt necessary. Those who have good situations at home should keep them; those who, with all their efforts, find a difficulty in keeping the wolf from the door, and who are willing to work, can hardly go wrong in selecting Canada for their home.

ASPINWALL, May 30th.—The revolution in Panama is ended. The steamer Montijo has been restored and the revolutionists at Chiriqui have surrendered their arms.

The Civil War in France

WHOLESALE EXECUTION OF INSURGENTS.

A REVOLTING SPECTACLE.

MEN AND WOMEN MASSACRED.

New York, May 31.—A special despatch from Paris to-day says:—The most revolting sight I ever beheld occurred this morning in front of the Hotel de Ville. Thirty-three Communists, among whom were seven women, were shot in a body by a company of soldiers. Around the three sides of a square troops, to the number of 1,500, were drawn up, under the command of Colonel Guizot. At eight o'clock the prisoners who had been confined in the coal cellars in the Hotel de Ville were brought out, their hands tied behind their backs, and then marched out through the mail gate-way through a double file of soldiers, and having reached the wide area in front of the Hotel de Ville, were ranged in a row and made to kneel down close together. There was nothing on the whole place but three empty scavenger carts, which stood in a line at the rear of prisoners' position. When the company was in line, and ready to fire, Colonel Guizot stepped forward and told the prisoners, in a few words, that they were to suffer death for having been caught in the act of setting fire to buildings and dwellings. At this moment, the women uttered a piercing shriek and began to sway themselves back and forth. An officer advanced and made them be still with the flat of his sword. A few moments afterwards a volley was fired, and when the smoke was cleared away, a most horrible sight was presented. Three of the women, who were in the middle of the row between the men, were still living, and writhing in awful agony; a second volley was fired and a third, and not until the sixth did all the prisoners cease to live. The bodies were then flung into the three scavenger carts and carried away to be buried. There were few people on the scene.

Versailles, May 31, evening.—Paris will remain for some time yet under military jurisdiction, but communication with the city is now unrestricted, and entrance and exit are free to all. It is said the number of prisoners now in the hands of the government exceed 40,000.

Versailles, May 29.—At the sitting of the Assembly to-day, Changarnier spoke about Metz, defending Bazaine. Thiers replied, calling Bazaine an illustrious warrior. The Duke of Audiepact Pasquier proposed the admittance of the Orleanist princes into the Assembly. Picard replied that he would be happy to consider the subject.

Versailles, 31.—Marshal McMahon, in a proclamation just issued, divides Paris into four commands, viz:—East, North, Centre and South. Gen Vinoy is appointed to the command of the East; Gen Douay to the Central; Gen Cavel to the South. The Civil power is transferred to the Military, and no ingress or egress from the city will be permitted.

Facts About Ottawa.

From the Ottawa Press.

There is only one county between the capital of the Dominion and the North Pole, and that is the County of Ottawa.

After going twenty five miles north of Ottawa, the population of the settled country from the north is calculated at one person for every twenty-five square miles of land.

By taking a direct route from the St. German Lake, distant about thirty miles directly north of the city, a traveller can go straight to the North Pole without meeting a human habitation on his route.

Twenty seven miles north of this city, a traveller cannot go either north, north east, or north west, without meeting a creek at every half mile, and a lake every mile, that he travels; or, by taking a bark canoe, he can, with short portages, sail on water all the way to Hudson's Bay.

A CAB FOR GODERICH. Messrs Hodgins & Moran, carriage builders, of this city, have just completed a substantial looking serviceable cab, to the order of Mr A. M. Polley, livery stable keeper, Goderich. The cab is plainly but neatly finished, and has been built throughout with great care and of the best material. The side lamps are of new design, and were imported expressly from New York. The cost of the cab is $700.—*London Advertiser.*

NEW CHURCH.—Last night a large and influential mass meeting of the Wesleyan Methodists was held in the Elm Street Church, to select a committee and make the necessary arrangements for the erection of a new church on the lot recently purchased by them. Among those present were Rev. W. M. Punshon, M. A., Rev. Drs. Green, Wood, Taylor, and the ministers of the city circuits. Addresses were delivered by several of the ministers and leading members of the church, among others, Mr. Punshon, who asked for a subscription of $2,500 from those present. The response came, and over $3,000 was supplied on the spot, and it was decided to give the contract for the new church immediately.—*Toronto Telegraph.*

GERMAN PEACE JUBILEE AT BUFFALO.—The great German peace festival which has been on the tapis for the last month, has been a magnificent success. From early morn yesterday every train leading to the city has been crowded with passengers. At least fifty thousand visitors were present from the surrounding country. The procession was one of the most imposing ever held in the city. It was headed by forty-five patrolmen of the Buffalo City police, in full uniform; next followed the Sixty-fourth Regiment New York State Volunteers, and eighty different German societies in full regalia, headed by bands of music. Five thousand persons united in the procession.

A SMART BOY.—When I was a boy, said Uncle Morton, things went on more economical than now. We all worked. My work was to tak' care o' the hens and chickings, and I'll tell ye how I traced 'em. You know I's a very thinkin' child, allus a thinkin' 'cept when I's asleep. Well, it came to me one night to raise a big lot of chickings from one hen, and I'll tell you how I did it. I took an ole whiskey barrel an filled it up with fresh egg, and then put it on the south side of the barn, with some horse manure around it, and then set the old hen on the bung hole. The old critter kept hersittin', and in three weeks I heers a little "peep." Then I put my ear to the spigot, when the peeping growed like a swarm of bees. I didn't says anything to the folks about the hatchin, for they'd allus told me I was a fool, but the next morning I rocked the head out of the barrel, and covered the barn floor; two acres, all over with little chickings. You can believe as much as you please, but it's true.

EDITORIAL SUMMARY.

The Treaty was sent from Washington to England, on Friday, for ratification.

The survey of the Bay Verte Canal is completed.

The Dominion Privy Council reported to have taken a unanimous stand in regard to the Washington Treaty, and that their opinions will be agreeable to the country. The must.

Attorney General Clarke of Manitoba arrived at Montreal on Saturday.

Messrs Spaight and Lodge, two eminent journalists of Montreal, were drowned at the Lachine Rapids, on the 24th.

A Carlist rising is threatened in Spain.

A Pennsylvania coal mine is on fire and 37 men and boys are at the bottom of the shaft.

Another fight fizzled at Long Island. The graceful non-combatants were this time Tim Collins and Billy Edwards. The principals were afterwards fined $1,000 each and imprisoned for 12 months. The umpire was fined $500 with six months' imprisonment. The manly art of self-defence may therefore be said to be extinguished. We cannot but rejoice over the demise.

The Commune is suppressed. It is to be hoped fair France will now enjoy breathing space, and be permitted by her restless sons to recover from the ravages of foreign and civil war.

The capital constantly floating on the Mississippi in the shape of vessels and their cargoes is estimated at fifteen hundred million dollars.

St. Mary's is failing. The population of 1870 was 3325, of 1871 3312.

Hon. J. S. Macdonald has resumed his duties at Toronto.

The Philadelphia Common Pleas Court has seventeen divorce cases on its June docket. Fourteen unhappy wives and three dissatisfied husbands wish to seek other affinities.

An English doctor is using onion baths in the treatment of fevers.

Every lady who buys a point lace shawl has paid for the labor of 200 women for two year.

The anniversary meetings of more than eighty different societies was recently announced in a single issue of the London *Times*.

The Czar of Russia intends to attend the silver wedding of his sister, the Queen of Wurtemburg, this summer, but will travel privately with no ostentation.

A Delicate Compliment.—Waiter: "Let's see—calf's head, I believe, sir! No! Beg pardon; you re—ch, you're a undertaker!"

Woman's Rights.—Now that the advocates of the rights of the sex are encroaching on the province of man, it will never astonish us to hear ladies swear. In order to indulge in male diction, only, of course!

"Suaviter in Modo, Fortiter in Re."—Suaviter: "My good friend, will you have the kindness——?"—The Good Friend: "Shan't!" Fortiter: "You confounded impudent black guard, if you don't, I'll precious soon make you!"—Impudent Blackguard: "Try it on!"

A work we may expect to see announced shortly "The Hen's Cackle," by the author of "Lay Sermons."

Good bass fishing at Bobcaygeon.

Hon. Joseph Howe is at St Catharines.

Peach prospects in the Niagara district are good.

Only one cable is in working order just now.

The Montreal *Witness* is well pleased with Gen Grant for visiting and address ing the Y. M. C. A. Convention at Washington.

Ottawa is excited about a fight between two volunteer captains in a saloon.

The steamer Silver Spray will this season run between Sarnia and Wallaceburg.

Lady Logan and Miss Dalton leave for England this week, via New York.

Montreal papers say pedestrians in that city are literally blinded and suffocated by dust. Dreadful!

Mr John O'Shea, of Kingston, who has saved several lives, is to be presented with the London Humane Society's medal on Dominion day.

The plum crop looks bad about Kingston.

The wolves of Garafraxa are again troublesome.

The total assessment of St. Catharines is $2,641,000.

Gypsies are trading horses, thieving and fortune-telling in Belleville.

Sacrilegious vandals despoil the Hamilton cemetery of its finest flowers.

Mr. Thos. Swinyard, of Hamilton, has met with success in Petrolea.

The Dominion Telegraph Company will shortly open an office in Guelph.

The town of Brantford is out of debt and has money in the post office savings bank. Happy people!

The Welland railway business has so wonderfully increased that the company have been obliged to charter extra rolling stock from the Grand Trunk.

"Believe nothing that you hear, and only half of what you see." The latter portion of this advice is only appropriate to drunkards, who notoriously "see double."

A French woman, prompted by the loyalty of her countryman, Louis Benard, stopped at Metz, the other evening, recently made a tender of $18,000 to prevent cruelty to animals.

A midgetto woman called Madam Angelo has just walked 1000 miles in England, in as many consecutive hours, being the third person known who has accomplished this feat.

A church member in Germany, evidently an economist and interested as he is public spirited, has added to his garden to the general fund of the society, provided they will have it duly enclosed, nailed to a cross and placed in the organ loft of the church.

The Pall Mall Gazette says that England is now exporting small pox to this country among other scourges, and gives the name of several infected vessels which have crossed the Atlantic from British ports.

The Memphis Appeal asserts that at Harlington in Ky., Greeley was Knighted by a fat negro in the 70th, who is his grandfather. "He and my father and my old mas were all as Whigs, and I must be a nigger." Mr. Greeley was pointed out. The heavy brigade in petticoats made a charge, and Horace went down. He was put in a hogshead, and the old lady was seated, and the procession moved on, and Horace was left to reflect on the folly of being a Whig, and to wipe the dust from his coat tails.

Our Militia.

We observe by the Annual Report on the state of the Militia for 1870 that there are in the Dominion 27 troops of cavalry of the nominal strength of 1,666 men; 16 field batteries of artillery, with 42 guns and 441 horses, and a nominal strength of 750 men; 70 batteries of garrison artillery with a nominal strength 4,138 men; 4 companies of engineers, 232 men; 623 companies of infantry and rifles, consisting of 77 battalions, 8 provisional battalions, and 73 independent companies—altogether having a nominal strength of 36,729 men; 3 marine companies with a strength of 771 men, making a total nominal strength of 43,657 men. To these must be added 14 companies of Riflemen, being two battalions organized for the North-west service, of the nominal strength of 865 men, thus bringing up the nominal militia force, of the first-class, to 44 519 men.

Ontario contributes 335 corps; her just quota is 18,070, but she furnishes 19,054 men.

Quebec has 239 corps; her fair quota is 14,382 men, but contributes only 14,064 men.

New Brunswick has 57 corps; her proper quota is 3,264 men, but she furnishes nominally 3,315 men. Nova Scotia has 75 corps; her quota is 4,284 men but she contributes 4,442, while the Grand Trunk has 36 corps and 2,122 men, making altogether 742 corps. Total quota 40,000 men and the nominal strength 43,657, to which, if we add the 16 corps, with 862 men in the North-west, we shall have a total of 758 corps, and a nominal strength of 44,519 men. This is how the militia force stood on the 31st December, 1870.

The number of men available for active service, on an emergency, if suddenly called out, is estimated at 2,469 officers, and 33,062 non-commissioned officers, and men, exclusive of the officers and men of the Grand Trunk brigade. The Adjutant General says: "There is no reason to doubt that at least 30,000 men of the Active Militia could be placed on the frontier in a very short time; supported moreover, by cavalry and 32 field guns, exclusive of the batteries in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. On the whole, this may be considered satisfactory, as the present strength of the regular army of the United States does not exceed 30,000 men, who are scattered over a continent, and cannot easily be concentrated, if at all, in any one place, without great loss of time. The Active Militia may be looked upon as holding the same relative position towards the Dominion as that occupied by the United States regular army towards that country."

The Quebec *Mercury* say it is generally believed that there is a general understanding amongst the supporters of the Government and the members of the Opposition to take no notice whatever of the circulars of the Bishops of Montreal and Three Rivers in the forthcoming elections.

Captain Crandell, of the steamer *Champion*, plying on Sturgeon Lake, denies the truth of a telegram which appeared in print on the 27th inst., stating that his steamer was sunk in that lake on the Queen's birthday. He asserts that the steamer went on her regular trips as usual and that she has never lost a moment of time by way of accident or otherwise.

Wolves are committing ravages in Garafraxa. Mr. Campbell of the fifth line had some two or three lambs killed recently and his neighbour, Mr. Wm. Felker, of the sixth line, had also two or three killed the same night. It is supposed that the workmen of the narrow gauge have driven the wolves out of the Luther swamp, and that some of them have come down through Garafraxa.

About a fortnight ago, Mr. John Goss, of Fifteen Point, Prince Edward Island, came across and killed a young seal about four and a half feet long, making his way inland by a trench beside the road. The seal was about three miles from the sea, and far away from any creek. It is supposed the amphibious adventurer was trying to cross the island.

The Bobcaygeon *Independent* says that a dry spell has been experienced in the back country. Sowing has gone on briskly, and not a hand or a team has been obtainable for irregular works for some time. A dry summer is prognosticated by the knowing ones. Spring wheat, oats and peas are up. Fires are frequent and becoming quite alarming in the bush.

Lake Pepin, Minnesota, it is said, is infested with a marine monster, between the size of an elephant and a rhinoceros, which moves through the water with great rapidity.

Sir Walter Jenner, the great English physician, has been examined before the vaccination committee of London. Evil effects from vaccination had ever, he said, come under his notice; and, as the father of six children, he should consider himself wanting in his duty had he neglected to have them vaccinated.

Women are rapidly marching forward to complete emancipation. A beautiful and well educated young lady has just opened a large boot and shoe store in Philadelphia. She has three girls clerks, and they all wear little fancy aprons made of leather, so as to look business like, and, at the same time, pretty.

One of the strongest passions of childhood is to stuff itself with noxious and indigestible food; and even judicious parents there are not too many of them, forbid and protest and spank in vain. A boy, ten years old, gorged himself to death at New-London, Conn., recently, with "raisins and cocoanut candy" the poor, young, involuntary suicide. It is presumed that this fated lad perpetrated the fatal deed upon the sly; but a great many children kill themselves at the family board, only a little more slowly, and right under the affectionate parental nose; and are even pressed to eat after their little abdomens are as tight as drum heads. There is no help for it. In this world there must be fools and funerals.

A WOMAN BURIED WITH MILITARY HONORS.—Miss Esther Johnstone, a young English woman, died lately at Chalons sur-Marne, in France, and was interred with full Prussian Military honors. Having been attached to an ambulance corps, she resolved, on the cessation of the late war, to remain with Prussian sick and wounded, to whom she was indefatigable in her attentions. She made the small pox patients her special care, and while attending on them was seized with the loathsome disease and carried off in a few days. The Prussians resolved to give her the honors of a military funeral, and this was done with all the formalities that usually attend the obsequies of an officer. The Generals and officers at Chalons sur-Marne, together with about five hundred of the inhabitants, accompanied the corpse to its resting place. A monument has been erected by the soldiers to her memory.

A silver mining mania is rising on Lake Superior, the centre of curiosity being the Silver Islet mine. There are not less than three offices of Provincial land surveyors, civil and mining engineers opening at Thunder Bay. Everything is favorable for a repetition of a regular silver epidemic. The country is wild and unexplored, the north shore of Lake Superior is traditional mineral ground, the Canadian geological reports indorse it, it is accessible, the Canadian laws favor mining enterprise, but above all is the almost unprecedented record of the Silver Islet mine. Besides silver, iron deposits are known to exist, but their richness has not been established. Galena exists in numerous veins, but, as usual, plays no influence in the rock.