

CADORNA RETIRING TO PIAVE RIVER

Germans Claim to Have Crossed the Livenza River And Taken Many Prisoners

The Italians Withdraw to the Next Defense Line, Fighting Rear Guard Actions to Delay Their Pursuers—Berlin Reports Total of 250,000 Prisoners.

Berlin, Nov. 8.—Austro-German forces in Northern Italy have crossed the Livenza river, army headquarters announced today. Italian troops to the number of 17,000, were cut off from the Tagliamento and captured, the official statement adds.

The total number of prisoners taken by the Austro-German forces is now more than 250,000 it is asserted.

Enemy Claims.

The text of the communication follows:

"Italian front—Our detachments, advancing on the mountain roads, have broken the resistance of the enemy rear guard. By an outflanking movement our attacking columns cut off the retreat of the enemy troops still holding out on the middle Tagliamento between Tolmezzo and Gemona and on permanent fortified works of Monte S. Simpliciano.

"Up to the present 17,000 Italians, among them a general, with eighty guns, have had to surrender.

"In the plain, fighting has developed along the Livenza river. By a vigorous advance German and Austro-Hungarian divisions, in spite of destroyed bridges, have forced the crossing and have thrown the enemy back westward.

"The total number of prisoners captured has now been increased to more than 250,000 and the body in guns to more than 2,300."

Rearguard Actions.

Italian Army Headquarters, Nov. 8.—(By the Associated Press)—The bulk of the Austro-German invading forces today presents a main frontage of about thirty-five miles back of and along the Tagliamento river, with reconnaissance parties thrust forward eight or ten miles west of the river for the purpose of feeling for the points of least resistance. This is producing detached engagements but no battle in force has yet occurred.

The Livenza river, to which the withdrawal is now progressing, is one of the series of successive defence parallels. The Italian army still has in reserve large bodies of troops.

Large reinforcements at this moment, therefore, would render invaluable assistance in the opinion of the military authorities.

The enemy territorial occupation in eastern Friuli presents a sinister aspect far beyond its military purpose. The Alps heretofore have been the traditional boundary between the northern Teutonic and the southern Latin races. The Austro-Germans recognize the Alpine boundary, except for Trent and Trieste.

Now, for the first time, the Teutonic forces are occupying territory in the Friuli Plains, which are the easternmost part of Venetia and the age-long possessions of the Latins. Such an invasion strikes at the very heart of the principle of nationality and also thrusts a Teutonic wedge southward along the Adriatic. This brings up the grave question of whether Germany will finally secure territorial lodgement with ports and naval bases on the Adriatic, thus realizing her aim to become a Mediterranean as well as a North Sea power unless the Allies turn them back from the Friuli Plains. This would seem to be a warning to the Allies that no time is to be lost in reinforcing, concentrating and co-ordinating.

Too many touches will harden the easy mark.

Too much cannot be said in favor of the person who hasn't much to say. It's advice when you give it and a lecture when you receive it.

This world remembers the man who dies game—for a day.

The reason why a girl hates to wear a pair of invisible stockings on a cold day is because she hasn't any to wear.

CONTEST LIKELY IN WESTMORLAND

Union Candidate Will Be Placed in the Field to Oppose A. B. Copp.

Moncton, Nov. 8.—Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works in the Union Government, spent the afternoon in Moncton discussing the political situation with the Union Government friends from Westmorland, Kent and Northumberland. Among those from outside the county to meet the Minister were Senator Bourque, F. J. Robitoux, ex-M. P. for Kent, and W. S. Loggie, ex-M. P. for Northumberland.

Among the local Union Government supporters who interviewed the Minister were F. W. Sumner, Dr. O. B. Price, W. P. Humphrey, ex-Mayor W. K. Gross, A. B. Fries, Salisbury, A. H. McCready, Sackville.

Dr. Price, who was nominated by the Conservatives in December last to contest the county, informed the Minister he was ready to retire from the field providing both parties could agree upon a Union Government candidate who would be returned by acclamation.

As A. B. Copp, however, is in the field as a straight Liberal candidate opposed to conscription, it is hardly likely that such arrangements can be made. From present indications there will be a fight between a Union Government candidate and the Laurier Liberal in Westmorland. In that event it is probable that Dr. Price will be the Union Government candidate back by Hon. Mr. Carvell, who today stated that in the event of Mr. Copp remaining in the field as the Laurier Liberal candidate he would endorse Dr. Price. In an interview the Minister expressed every confidence in the success of the Union Government.

Accompanied by W. S. Loggie, he left by tonight's Maritime for Chatham. Next week he goes to Richmond to attend the Kent county convention, after which he will return to Moncton.

Just arrived, new shipment of Ladies' Coats in tweeds, black and pink, from \$12.50 up at Murray's opposite City Hall.

More Casualties Among Canadians

Ottawa, Nov. 8.—The following names appear in the casualty lists:

INFANTRY.

Killed.

Acting Sergt. J. M. Kaylor, Kentville, N. S.

Gassed.

J. W. Clark, Grafton, N. B.

G. A. Grant, Springfield, N. S.

T. S. Hasson, Armstrong Corner, N. B.

D. McLeod, Waterford, N. S.

Frank Stonehouse, Millville, N. S.

J. C. Lennox, Antigonish, N. S.

F. B. Titus, Westport, N. S.

Sergt. W. A. Noddin, Moncton, N. B.

H. J. Johnston, Truro, N. S.

W. McWilliams, New Waterford, N. S.

Wounded.

Angus McMaster, Pictou, N. S.

G. Trainor, address not stated.

INFANTRY.

Wounded.

J. W. Triles, Salisbury, N. B.

Acting Sergt. G. A. McLeod, Fram-bol, N. S.

A. M. Smith, Brooklyn, N. S.

V. C. Butler, Heatherton, N. S.

A. F. McDonald, New Glasgow, N. S.

ARTILLERY.

G. E. Sherrin, Crapaud, P. E. I.

W. A. McDonald, Campbell's Corner, N. S.

L. T. Wilkinson, Fredericton.

J. E. Wilson, Fredericton, N. B.

Walter Hassey, Halifax.

SERVICES.

Reported Wounded, Now Reported Wounded and Missing.

R. W. Anderson, St. John, N. B.

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Wounded.

C. C. MacKinnon, Moncton, N. B.

A. Horseman, Annapolis, N. B.

W. J. Joyce, St. John, N. B.

Lance Corporal S. Hughes, Saint Mary's, P. E. I.

F. S. Murray, Little Shernague, N. B.

MUST OBSERVE LAW.

Ottawa, Nov. 8.—The first prosecutions under the beef and bacon regulations for public eating places were brought up in police court this morning, when six local restaurant keepers were charged with selling beef and bacon in places where more than one meal, contrary to the law.

NEW POLICY OF SLAV RADICALS

Will Treat for Immediate Peace and Divide Up Russian Lands Among Peasants.

Petrograd, Nov. 8.—The text of the proclamation of the military revolutionary committee, the body now in control of the capital, reads:

"To the army committees of the active army and to all councils of soldiers' and workmen's delegates and to the garrison and proletariat of Petrograd:

"We have deposed the government of Kerensky, which rose against the revolution and the people. The change which resulted in the deposition of the provisional government was accomplished without bloodshed.

"The Petrograd council of soldiers' and workmen's delegates solemnly welcomes the accomplished change and proclaims the authority of the military revolutionary committee until the creation of a government by the soldiers' and workmen's delegation.

"Announcing this to the army at the front, the revolutionary committee calls upon the revolutionary soldiers to which closely the conduct of the men in command. Officers who do not join the accomplished revolution immediately and openly must be arrested at once as enemies.

"The Petrograd council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates considers this to be the programme of the new authority.

"First the offer of an immediate peace.

"Second, the immediate handing over of large proprietorial lands to peasants.

"Third, the transmission of all authority to the council of soldiers' and workmen's delegates.

"Fourth, the honest convocation of a constitutional assembly.

"The national revolutionary army must not permit uncertain military detachments to leave the front for Petrograd. They should use persuasion, but where this fails they must oppose any such action on the part of these detachments by force without mercy.

"The actual order must be read immediately to all military detachments in all arms. The suppression of this order from the rank and file by army organizations is equivalent to a great crime against the revolution and will be punished by all the strength of the revolutionary law.

"Soldiers, for peace, for bread, for land and for the power of the people. (Signed.)

"The Military Revolutionary Committee."

SAW 56 MOOSE IN SIX WEEKS

St. George, Nov. 7.—A well known guide in the Bonny River district was in town this week. He has been in the woods for over six weeks with American hunters. They saw fifty-six moose, only three of which were fit to kill. The moose have very poor prospects, due to a claim by a qualified authority from New York—who has made a study of the animals—to the scarcity of the males. They say, with great reason, that New Brunswick will soon be without moose if a close season is not declared at once for a number of years. It is said that last winter many moose perished owing to the severity of the weather. Whatever the reason there is no question of a big reduction in the number of moose.

POTATOES AT \$1.50 BARREL TO POOR

Newcastle, Nov. 8.—The patriotic potatoes committee held a meeting yesterday afternoon. It was decided to distribute the 75 to 100 barrels of potatoes raised on their plots last summer to persons designated by the town's cerymen. The price will be \$1.50 per barrel, on more than three barrels to any family.

READY TO FIGHT.

Roumanian Has Army of 400,000 Men Ready for Service.

Montreal, Nov. 8.—A very interesting account of the charitable work taken up by the Queen of Roumania in aid of her army and people was given at the Emmanuel Congregational church by Lieut. J. C. Ivanidis of the Roumanian army. The lieutenant is the guest of the pastor of the church, the Rev. Dr. Adam. He has held many important positions in a secretarial capacity for his country and was located in Paris, France, when the present war broke out and immediately enlisted in the service of his country. The young officer says that although his country has been handicapped by the loss of 200,000 men their army has been completely reorganized to the strength of 400,000 men and is doing important work keeping the enemy from Odessa, the key to Russia's great wheat resources.

Lieut. Ivanidis adds that although the army is well fed, there is a great scarcity of food among the civilian population of his homeland and this is why he had been sent to appeal to Canada and the United States.

He also referred to the wonderful work of his Queen, her sacrifices and love for her people and their deep love in return. He spoke enthusiastically of his admiration for England and France and thanked them deeply for the aid they had given to his country. The lieutenant is making a lecture tour of Canada and the United States and will proceed shortly to Ottawa to take up his very patriotic work.

Turks Retire in Palestine Before Sweep of the British Forces Along the Sea Coast

General Allenby Sends Particulars of the Success of His Troops at Gaza and the Retreat of the Turks—British Also Win Victory on the Tigris.

London, Nov. 8.—There are indications of a general retirement northward by the Turkish forces in Palestine, the War Office announces.

Ninety Miles from Bagdad.

London, Nov. 8.—Tektir, on the Tigris river, in Mesopotamia, ninety miles northwest of Bagdad, was occupied by the British on November 6th, the War Office announced today.

Following Up Advantage.

London, Nov. 8.—The British, says the official statement issued today, with reference to Palestine, pushed beyond Gaza on the right, to Mukham-Ki-Muntar Hill, dominating the town, and on the left to the Sheik Redman fortifications, a mile to the north. The advance also penetrated as far as the mouth of the Wadi-Hesi, eight miles north of the original British line.

British forces also continued their advance from the Wadi-Sherkah, northwest of Be'er-sheva, pushing further northward.

The British captures of prisoners, guns, and stores are considerable in volume.

"Gen. Allenby," the command, reports as follows:

"About midnight Tuesday our troops assaulted the Turkish works south of Gaza and captured them, finding them lightly held. The advance was continued on the right to All-Muntar, the hill dominating the town on the south and southeast; on the left to the Sheik Redman fortifications, about a mile outside the town on the north. During the day pushed forward through the town and advanced to the mouth of the Wadi-Hesi, eight miles north of our original line.

"Our forces from Sheri Ah also successfully continued their advance to the northwest.

"In the area east of Gaza the Turks still occupy some trenches, but there are indications of a general retirement northward. Our airplanes inflicted losses on the troops retiring and on concentrations at railheads. On our right, about Khawileh, the enemy has not renewed his counterattacks.

General Allenby reports that there were considerable captures of prisoners, guns, ammunition and stores, but no details are yet available.

PRICE OF FOOTWEAR IN GREAT BRITAIN

Northampton, England, Nov. 9.—In connection with the announcement that preparations have been made for the manufacture of 250,000 pairs of standard boots of leather as soon as the Government gives authority, the prices were everywhere quoted. The correct prices are:

For three grades of men's boots, between fourteen and twenty-one shillings; for women's shoes, twelve shillings upward; for women's boots, fifteen shillings.

Nearly all beautiful things are expensive, including women. Take care of tomorrow; the yesterday will take care of themselves.

TO-MORROW

The proclamation which issued on October 13th under the Military Service Act requires that each man who is a member of the First Class—bachelors and widowers without children (not otherwise excepted) who were 20 years old on the 13th October, 1917, and whose 34th birthday did not occur before January 1st, 1917, shall, on or before the

10th day of November, 1917

report himself for military service, unless application for his exemption shall then have been made by him or by any person entitled to apply in his behalf.


What is Required Immediately

Any man in Class One, if it has not already been done, must before the Post Office closes to-morrow night, obtain from the Postmaster a form for reporting for service or a form for claiming exemption, fill out the same, and hand it to the Postmaster for transmission to the proper quarters.

Penalty Provided

The Military Service Act provides that failure to fulfil the above obligation entails a penalty "on summary conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years with hard labour."

Issued by
The Military Service Council



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"Almost a miracle"

That is what Rabbi M. Shallit of Edenbridge, Sask., says regarding a cure by Zam-Buk, of which he gives the following particulars:

"A short time ago," said the Rabbi, "a man brought his little son to me and asked if I knew of anything that would cure the child of a terrible skin disease, with which he had suffered for three years. The child's forehead, eyes and ears were covered with sores. The sight was shocking, and the father said he would give anything to have him cured, but as he had already been treated by many doctors, each of whom had given up the case as incurable, he had about despaired of ever finding a cure. Having great faith in Zam-Buk, I recommended it, and to cut a long story short, perseverance with Zam-Buk has now completely cured the child."

THE FATHER'S ACCOUNT

The following letter from the father of the boy expresses his gratitude:

Dear Sirs: I beg to testify that my boy suffered for three years with a severe skin disease, which doctors tried to cure, but in vain. The sores on his eyes, however, had worked a complete and permanent cure.

The Zam-Buk treatment was recommended to me by Mr. M. Shallit, Rabbi of Edenbridge, for which I shall be grateful to him forever. With hearty thanks to you, I remain, Yours faithfully,

(Signed) E. ROMANUK

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