materials, and pay contributors, and meet all the current expenses. Is it to be doubted that with that sum in hand he could lay his plans more liberally and confidently, so as to furnish a much better paper than he could if the payments came in tardily, little by little, through the year?

I am not writing at the suggestion of editor or publisher; nor, it will be perceived, in their interest. I am writing in our own interest, fellow-subscribers. The fact is, we are a great fraternity, each one of which can contribute to make that source more affluent. How? By prompt and invariable prepayments. The practice has our own enjoyment, our own moral good, and the good of all our fellow-subscribers to recommend it. Of the editor and publisher I have nothing to say. They belong to a class who can speak, or, at least, write for themselves.

A SUBSCRIBER.

# General Intelligence.

## Colonial.

The Rev. Dr. Forrester, we regret to learn, is seriously ill in New York.

The appraisement of property on the line of Lockman St. extension, amounts to nearly $22,000, and will probably be considerably above this sum, when the claims of dissatisfied parties have been considered.

On Friday night a fire occurred in a barn at the south end of Granville St., which broke out again on Saturday night, destroying the barn and a quantity of hay.

Y. M. C. A.—The quarterly meeting of the Young Mens Christian Association will be held on Saturday evening next at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

EDUCATIONAL.—As the time draws near for the meeting of the Nova Scotia Legislature, it is important that Petitions against Separate Schools be forwarded without delay. The Protestant minority in the Province of Quebec who have been oppressed by Catholic Separate Schools, have at length obtained a measure enabling them to establish Schools to which they can send their children. We hope Nova Scotians will not allow the great boon of Common School Education to be wrested from them. Roman Catholics are keenly alive to the advantage they will gain by destroying our present school system, and obtaining State support for Catholic schools. All schools that do not teach the dogmas of their church are pronounced by them to be godless. Already there are indications of the unfairness that may be anticipated, if their purposes are carried out. We in our last gave an intimation of the recent Educational order for the *viva voce* examination of teachers, so as to accommodate the class of teachers which Rome wishes to introduce to our Province. To ascertain the legality of such proceeding, a case was carefully prepared and submitted to eminent counsel, and the following opinion obtained from Hon. J. W. Ritchie, Q. C.:—

The powers and duties of the Council of Public Instruction are defined by the Act for the better encouragement of Education and the Acts in amendment, and no authority is conferred on that body to appoint Examiners of candidates for licences to teach other than those specified in the Acts, or to vary the nature of the Examinations pointed out in them.

By the Act of 1867, the system of Examination was changed, and, instead of District Examiners throughout the Province consisting of three in each district, who should conduct Examinations in such manner as they should think proper, the Legislature, in order to insure a uniform classification of teachers, provided that there should be but one Board, consisting of four qualified persons, and directed that these Examiners should examine and report on the written exercises of all candidates for licenses to teach in the Public Schools in the Province; and the Council, in order to carry out these provisions, was authorized to prescribe the mode in which these examinations should be conducted, to designate the time and place at which candidates should present themselves for examination, and to make such further arrangements as might be necessary in order to insure uniform classification and licensing of teachers, and these provisions were declared to be in lieu of those contained in the former Act on this subject.

This being the state of the law, I can see no legal authority whatever for the regulation of the Council of Public Instruction referred to in the case submitted to me.

It would seem as if the regulation had been made under the idea that the Act sanctioned two Boards of Examiners, one to conduct the *viva voce* examinations, and the other examinations in writing, but I can see no warrant for any such view; I would therefore reply to the questions submitted:—

*First*,—That the regulation of the Council of Public Instruction of the 15th March, A.D. 1869, is, in my opinion, not authorized under the Act referred to in it.

*Second*,—That the Council of Public Instruction has no power to create a new system of examinations other than that established by the Act.

*Third*—That candidates who have not furnished any written exercises for the Board of Provincial Examiners, and obtained a license in accordance with the reports of that body, will not, in my opinion, be legally entitled to conduct schools and draw grants under the Act.

J. W. RITCHIE.

*Halifax, April* 13, 1869.

ST. JOHN'S N. F. HOME MISSION.—On Tuesday evening last, the first public meeting in behalf of Home Missions, in connection with the Wesleyan Conference of Eastern British America, was held in the Wesleyan Church in this town. The usual introductory services were performed by the Rev. J. Prince, superintendent of the Circuit, and the Rev. S. Ackman.—The opening address of the Chairman, C. R. Ayre Esq., concisely but intelligently explained the objects of the institution the interests of which they were met that evening to advocate and promote. The following are the Resolutions submitted:—

Moved by J. J. Rogerson, Esq., seconded by Mr. F. Scott, and also spoken to by Hon. E. White, and Mr. George Bond:

*Resolved*—That this meeting gratefully recognizes the power of God in the success which has crowned the labour of Wesleyan Ministers throughout the Eastern British American Conference.

Moved by Mr. J. Haddon, seconded by Mr. J. E. Peters, and also spoken to by Messrs. G. W. Mews, Whiteford, R. Vey, and H. J. B. Woods:—

*Resolved*—That this meeting determine by prayer, by pecuniary effort, and by personal works, not only to cultivate the ground already occupied, but also to send the precious Word of Life to those places which are still destitute of it.

The collection at the close, in aid of the objects of the Home Mission Fund, amounted to upwards of £17.—*Courier*.

NEWFOUNDLAND SEALERS.—The intelligence as to the Seal fishery is highly encouraging. Steamer Nimrod had arrived with 17,800, and Steamer Mastiff with 10,000. Other Steamers reported favourably. Several sailing vessels arrived with good loads. Some 60 vessels heard from, having in the aggregate about 90,000 seals.

OTTAWA, April 17.—The trial of Buckley for complicity in the murder of McGee took place yesterday. A number of witnesses were examined, but as no new evidence was procured against the accused, the Judge ordered his discharge. It is probable that Doyle and the other who are charged will also be released.

MONTREAL, April 19.—The lower portions of Montreal, St. Paul, and Commissioners Streets, in Griffintown, are flooded with from two to three feet of water. It commenced to rise on Sunday morning, and, rose rapidly. The cellars and all the stores in St. Paul Street are filled with water. Considerable damage done. Gangs of men were employed yesterday removing goods. Boats are now used to get along St. Paul Street.

Ice is blocked up in river about the island in the narrow channel. Ice thrown in huge masses. It shows no signs of moving.

There is a strong easterly wind prevailing, and the water is gradually rising.

A heavy, cold rain-storm this morning.

PARLIAMENTARY.—The Parliament of the Dominion was opened at Ottawa on Thursday. His Excellency Sir John Young proceeded in state to the Senate Chamber, and after the usual preliminaries, delivered the speech from the throne. He congratulated parliament on peace at home and abroad. He expresses himself proud of being associated with the rising fortunes of the Dominion of Canada, and promises to do all in his power to strengthen the ties between the Provinces. The terms proposed in relation to the Hudson's Bay Company are to be at once submitted to Parliament. He expects the arrangements with Newfoundland to be completed before the end of the session. He refers to the earnest attempt made to allay the discontent in Nova Scotia. A Bill for the assimilation of the Criminal Law in the different Provinces is promised. He also speaks of bills relative to Elections, Bankruptcy and Patents. The question of Banking and Currency is to be before parliament.

## United States.

FUNERAL OF SIR EDWARD CUNARD.—The funeral services over the remains of the late Sir Edward Cunard were performed at Grace Church, New York, Saturday morning. The flags on all the steamers, ferryboats, &c., were at half-mast, out of respect to the memory of the deceased.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The project of Canadian annexation in settlement of the Alabama claims with the joint consent of England and the colonists, begins to attract attention in government and diplomatic circles, and is, by some, regarded as likely to become a prominent feature of Grant's administration. The views expressed on this subject by part of the American press, the favorable response of the English newspapers, and the demand for annexation among the colonies, especially Nova Scotia, have encouraged belief in the feasibility of the scheme if managed with diplomatic tact and careful regard to England's honor. Objections to the possibility of its accomplishment, and doubts as to the policy and safety of such an engagement of the republic, are strongly urged by individuals; but it is confidently asserted by others that public opinion is setting in favor of our acceptance of Canada, should it be tendered by Great Britain as the surest mode of harmonizing the interests, and ending the jealousies between the too countries, and affording the basis of a permanent and cordial peace.

J. Lothrop Motley was to-day nominated for Minister to England.

NEW YORK, April 13.—A private letter from a reliable source in Havana says that the Government there intends to confiscate the property of all suspected parties.

NEW YORK, April 14.—The United States Senate yesterday rejected the Alabama Treaty, only one Senator voting in favor of it. Senator Sumner in a speech against the Treaty, gave the estimated loss to the commerce of the United States, by piratical cruisers, at one hundred million of dollars.

The town of Hancock, in Michigan, was almost wholly destroyed by fire on Sunday last, and the loss will amount to nearly half a million of dollars.

NEW YORK, April 16.—William J. Valiente, General Agent of the Cuban Revolutionary Junta, at New York, publishes an address to the people of the United States, in which he says that the Cuban Liberating Army has been gradually increasing, notwithstanding the losses consequent upon a steady campaign, and now comprises some forty-two thousand men under General C. M. Cespedes, who is the Commander-in-Chief of that army, and the head of a Republican Government, duly established within the lines of the Liberators; their lines run in a westerly direction from the easterly end of the Island to Sagua la Grande, without reaching the seaboard either on the north or south, for want of the requisite armament to hold it; but the territory pointed out is nearly two thirds of the area of Cuba, in which slavery has been abolished, and in which the Spaniards control only the ground where they are kept at bay. This has been done by the Patriots in a comparatively short time which leads to the belief that had they been tolerably supplied with war materials their government would now also cover the remainder of the island.

NEW YORK, April 19.—At a fire in Baltimore on Saturday night, one fireman was killed and several others were dangerously wounded, by the falling in of a brick wall.

Messrs. Parker & Peck, proprietors of the iron grain elevator in New York, have been discovered to be defaulters to the amount of over $200,000. The wildest excitement was created at the New York Produce Exchange on Saturday, by the announcement of the defalcation.

Gold opened at 133 7 8.

## European.

The Pope's Jubilee was celebrated at Rome with great splendor. The Pope said mass at St. Peter's, and a *Te Deum* was sung in the presence of the Cardinals, the Foreign Embassadors, and other notabilities from all parts of Europe, and an immense congregation. In the evening the city was illuminated.

Later advices have been received from Yokohama and Hong Kong. Civil war was raging again with increased violence in the Japanese empire. The northern party, or opponents of the Mikado, had a strong fleet under command of the former Admiral in Chief of the Tycoon, and made their head quarters in the Island of Yesso, of which they held complete possession. They have since captured Sado Sero, an important island on the western coast of Nippon, from which they can make incursions in the main land.

In the House of Commons on the 15th, in accordance with a notice previously given, Mr Gladstone moved that the House go into Committee on the Bill for the disestablishment of the Irish Church.

Mr. Newgate, Conversative member for North Warwickshire, moved, as an amendment, that the House go into Committee on the Bill six months from the present day.

This motion was equivalent to an indefinite postponment. A lively debate followed, during which Mr. Aytoun, member of Kirkaldy, created a sensation, by declaring his objection to that clause in the Bill which provided for the support of Maynooth College. Mr. Aytoun is a liberal, and voted with the majority on the division on March 23, when the Bill passed to its second reading. His declaration was followed by a scene of great excitement in the House. The opposition cheered repeatedly and counter cheers and other interruptions came from the ministerial benches.

When Mr. Aytoun ended his remarks, the confusion subsided, and the debate was continued. Most of the Speeches were made by the minor members of the Opposition.

At the end of this discussion, which lasted six hours, Mr. Gladstone rose and said due care would be given by the government to the terms of the provision made for Maynooth College. He attributed much of the opposition to the Bill to the power of the Clergy in Ireland that power had been built up by the old policy of England, which has lately been partially revived, and was now about to be finally and completely abandoned. He concluded by saying that the success of this Bill was not a question of party, but of justice.

Mr. Disraeli followed. He disapproved of a division on Mr. Newdegate's motion, for postponement, and said he was anxious to go into Committee on the Bill.

The House then divided on the original motion, to go into committee on the Irish Church Bill, with the following result:—for the motion, 355; against, 229; majority, 126. The house then formally went into Committee on the Bill, and adjourned.

LONDON, April 17.—The debate in the House of Commons on the Irish Church Bill was resumed last evening.

Disraeli moved to omit the following clause from the Bill: "On and after the 1st day of January, 1871, the said union created by an Act of Parliament between the Church of England and Ireland shall be dissolved, and the Church of Ireland hereinafter referred to as said Church, shall cease to be established by law."

Mr. Disraeli supported his proposition in a speech of considerable length, contending that the above clause destroyed the supremacy of the Crown, and placed the Church at a disadvantage.

Sir Robert F. Collier and Sir Roundell Palmer spoke in opposition to the amendment. He traversed the amendments of Disraeli. He thought that notwithstanding this clause the supremacy of the Crown would continue to exist, but in altered form; if this amendment were successful it would absolutely destroy the bill.—The union of churches would continue, but that union must not be enforced by Parliamentary bonds.

Mr. Disraeli admitted his intention to aim a mortal blow at the bill, but if the motion were accepted the Government would still continue the disestablishment policy.

The House on Mr. Disraeli's motion as follows—for 221; against 344; Government majority, 123. The result was received with tremendous cheers by the Liberals.

LONDON, April 18.—Paris advices report that the Corps Legislatif was yesterday the scene of wild excitement.

M. Theirs, in a Speech, denounced what is called "the Commercial liberty of France, as being like the political liberties of the French people, a farce." The words created a heated dispute between the President and M. Theirs, which lasted some time, and threatened to break up the session, but was finally appeased.

M. Queertier, in some remarks demanded that the Legislation of Commercial Treaties be vested in the Corps Legislatif, instead of the Crown.

LONDON, April 18.—It is reported that Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia, and the Duke of Luxembourg, will be put forward as Candidates for the Throne of Spain.

SABBATH SCHOOL PAPERS.—We acknowledge the receipt of the following papers, to be had from the B. A. Book and Tract Society, Granville St. Christian at Work, British Workman, British Workwoman, Cottager and Artizan, British Herald, British Messenger, S. School Messenger, Christian Banner, British Juvenile, Children's Paper, Children's Friend, Children's Prize, Sunshine, American Messenger, Child's Paper, Band of Hope Review, Gospel Trumpet, S. School Visitor. All these papers are furnished at a low rate.

BACK NUMBERS.—Papers for Sabbath Schools, of various kinds, in good order, and well assorted, supplied in any quantity from the Wesleyan Book Room, *at less than half price*.

SABBATH SCHOOL LIBRARIES.—A good supply of choice Books for Sabbath Schools, carefully selected, and furnished at very cheap rate, on hand at Wesleyan Book Room.

MUSICAL MONTHLY.—The April No. of this valuable musical publication, containing several choice compositions, as well as much good reading, has been received. This monthly is both cheap and good, and to lovers of good music furnishes a good collection at a very low rate, the annual subscription being but $3.

## Letters and Monies

Remittances by Mail at risk of this Office must be by P. O. Order of Money Letter Registered.

B Newcomb, $2, Rev R Duncan, (will set this right) G R Prichard, (sent from this office with the utmost regularity.)


*FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP.*

Is the only preparation known which gives prompt and permanent relief in Disease of the Lungs and Bronchial tubes. It restores the secretions to their healthy condition, allays inflammation of the mucuous membrane, and is the most certain remedy for Debilitating Maladies. Full directions accompany each bottle.

Sold by Apothecaries—price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50. On the receipt of $7 50 the proprietor will forward 6 to any part of Nova Scotia or New Brunswick free.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist,
april 21 St. John, N. B.


## Marriages.

At Shediac, N. B., on Tuesday, 30th ult., by Rev. Robert Duncan, Mr. Edward J. Melling, of Shediac Road, to Miss McKenzie, of the former place.

By the same, on the 11th inst., Mr. Jas. A. Duffy, to Miss Martha Wright, both of Stony Creek, Albert County, N. B.

At Brooklyn, New York, March 30th, by the Rev. Mr. Searles, Mr. John Shedd, of Brooklyn, to Elizabeth A. daughter of Mr. Wm. Schwartz, of this city

## Deaths.

At Fredericton, on Sabbath, April 4, aged 22 years' Herbert, youngest son of Mr. Thomas Paisley.

On Sunday evening, Jessie Eveline, eldest daughter of Andrew Lamphier, in the 8th year of her age.

On the 17th inst., George A, Creighton, son of the late George B. Creighton, Esq.

At Newport, N. S., 14th inst., Martha Jane, beloved wife of Levi R. Lockhart.

On the 16th inst, Mr. Robert Fudge, in the 69th year of his age.

On the 16th inst, John Walker, in the 76th year of his age.

On the 16th inst, Emily Jane, wife of Mr. Edward Seville, in the 49th year of her age.

At Pine Grove, Wilmot, on the 12th inst, Rev. T Harding Porter. For nearly forty years he was a preacher of righteousness. Three of his surviving sons are useful and active Baptist clergymen

At Pictou, on the 2nd inst., Thomas Armison Harris, aged 19 years and 8 month, son of Wm. H. Harris, Esq., High Sheriff of the county of Pictou.

On the 17th ult, at Little Musquodoboit, Mr. Alex. McDougall, in the 26th year of his age.

At Eastport, Maine, 12th inst. after a short illness, George E. Ritchie, Esq., aged 56 years, formerly of Halifax

At Maitland, Hants County, on the 2nd inst., Mr. Hugh McCallum, in the 84th year of his age.

## Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

FRIDAY, April 16

Schr James Frogey, Gartery, LaHave.

SATURDY, Adrl 17

Schrs J L Vogler, Smith, Boston; Gazelle, Swain, Shelburne; B F Ritchie, Western Banks; G G Kipder, do; Pioneer, Cornwallis; LoCaSeb McKean, do; R Neble, Dickson, St Mary's.

SUNDAY, April 18

Steamer City of Halifax, Jamieson, St John's, N F; brigt New Dominion, Stanwood, Portland; schrs Hebe, Gode, Newfld; Watchman, Foss, Maine; Jno Glover, Gode, Western Banks; A McDonald, do; Golden Rule, Maine.

MONDAY, April 19

Steamer Carlotta, Colby, Portland; brig Rover, Ryan, Nassau; brigt Kingston, Wood, Demerara; schrs A & E Teal, Teal, Port Medway; Beau Basin, Cunningham, Boston; Model, Bale, P E I.

CLEARED

April 10—Brigts Teazer, McGregor, Barbadoes Mary, Fanning, Port Rico; C T Tompkins, Taylor, Lingan, C B; schrs Mary Jane, Forrest, Arichat; Progress, Fougere, Sydney, C B; Rapid, LeBlanc, do; Sarah, Doyle Port Mulgrave and Port Hood; Fanny Givan, Brown, St John.

Cleared last Evening—Brig Topaz, Watkins, Porto Rico; Cornelia, Townsend, Sydney; Challenge, Forteous, Arichat; schrs Brassd'Or, Lannigan, Pictou; E A Wilson, Crowell, Barrington; J F Purney Purney, Shelburne.

April 12—schrs My Cousin, Winsel, F W Indies; Prowess, Dickson, Cape Breton; Ada Whitman, Port Mulgrave,

April 13—Steamer Alhambra, Nickerson, Charlottetown P E Island: schrs Lily Dale, Bailey, do; Active Gallant, Cape Breton; Zaidee, Gieasen, Liverpool, N S.

April 14—Brigt Golden Rule, Johnston, B W Indies; schrs Mary Alice, Ritcey, Little Glace Bay; J S Ritcey, Ritcey, do.

Apri 15—Schrs Peniel, Smith, Liverpool; Mary, Murray, Hakksbory; British Pearl Hadley, Gnysboro'; J Williams, Swain, Barrington.

MEMORANDA.

Brigt Maud Potter, Shields, at New Orleans from Cardenas, reports having lost overboard a seaman named Elijah Carty, a native of Sandy Cove, NS.

Brig Minnie K, Manthorne, from St. Thomas for Liverpool, N S, put into Bermuda 27th ult. with loss of foremast and all attached, also the maintopmast.

The schr Kenduskeag, at Holmes Hole, reports that on the night of the 2nd of April, in lat 39 40, lon 33 26, was run into by a ship, carrying away jib-boom, foretopmast and head gear, sprung bowsprit and broke windlass, carried away the quarter-rail, stove bulwarks and chafed planking badly. Could not ascertain the ship's name with certainty. Gave it in answer to our hail as the Arizona, from Liverpool for New York, but one of our crew who got on the ship at the time of the collision (and was brought back by one of her boats) was informed by one of the ship's crew that she was the Starlington, of Yarmouth, N. S, probably the Arlington.

Barque Cumberland, owned by Hon. J. McCully, of Halifax, from Pensacola for Liverpool, before reported at Key West in distress, was to be sold at auction April 3rd.

Brig Resolute from Philadelphia for Savannah, experienced heavy gales, sprunk aleak and put into Hampton Roads. After repairing, sld on the 23rd ult., had fair weather till the 29th, when heavy gales were experienced, which caused her to spring aleak again, and was fast sinking when she fell in with the steamer Tybee, from N York for Galveston, which rescued the crew after considerable trouble on account of very heavy seas. The weather moderating, the captain of the steamship put a fresh crew aboard the brig to work the pumps, and towed her 16 hours, but it being impossible to keep her aft, had to abandon her. The Tybee afterwards fell in with the Br bark Queen of Scots, and transferred the crew of the Resolute to her, which vessel landed them at Savannah 2nd. The brigs papers are safe.

Ship Scotia, Burgess, from Liverpool for Boston before reported at Queenstown in distress, had been surveyed on the 15th ult, and found to be making 6 inches an hour riding at anchor, 18 feet of water in her well, although the pumps were kept constantly at work. The salt had shifted, and some of the cargo which consists of soda ash, had been found much damaged by leakage. The surveyors had recommended that the cargo, or portion of it, be dist charged, and the vessel had been docked for that purpose and to undergo repairs.

N. 1
(CIRCULAR.)

## OFFICE OF D. A. G.

### Military District No. 9,

*Halifax, 13th April*, 1869.

ORDERS have been received by this Department to publish this Circular owing to false rumors spread through this District to the effect that Militiamen are to be drafted or ordered to parts remote from their homes:—

1st.—Enrolment or other military service is a duty to the Queen and the Realm.

2nd.—Any current reports respecting enrolment being for drafting men to serve in Canada for no purpose, at a needless expense to the Treasury, and useless inconvenience to the men, are entirely unfounded.

3rd—The political position of opinions of no one, neither officer nor man, nor any constitutional political effect of any individual, can be compromised or affected by any kind of military duty which Her Majesty has a right to expect, considering the defensive peotection accorded to these Colonies for so long a period, at such heavy expense to the Imperial Treasury

4th.—The performance of any military duty can under the British constitution, in no degree affect the legitimate actions, opinions, or speech of any subject of her Majesty the Queen, nor interfere with the lawful effots of any individual in asserting what he deems to be his constituent or political rights.

5th—The Militia Law, as lately framed, demands only one-twelfth of the duty of past years, and provides for the pay of the men doing it. As respects any oppressive marching of men to Canada, there is no duty there for the men, no estimates made nor money granted to get them there, and all such reports are as unfounded in fact as in reason and military expediency. By Command,

R. B. SINCLAIR, D. A. G.

April 21 2w

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA.

THURSDAY, 25th day of March, 1869.

PRESENT:

*His Excellency the Governor General in Council*

WHEREAS, by the 27th section of the Act 31st Vic. Chap. 6, intituled; "An Act respecting the Customs" it is provided that "in all cases where duties are charged according to the weight, tare, guage or measure, such allowances shall be made for tare and draft upon the packages, as may be appointed by regulation made by the Governor in Council."

And whereas it is desirable to establish an uniform practice at all the Ports of Entry in the Dominion, in reference to the allowance for tare on sugar—

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations be, and the same are hereby adopted:

From and after this date there shall be allowed for tare on sugar imported in hogsheads, twelve percentum, and in tierces fourteen per centum of the gross weight of each, and on barrels, an allowance of twenty-six pounds each,—On bags in which sugar is imported, an average tare shall be allowed, to be ascertained by weighing one bag out of every ten.

If in any case, objection is taken to the above scale of allowances for tare, then the actual tare according to the original invoice may be allowed, subject, however, to such examination, either by actual weighing or appraisement, as may be thought necessary by the Collector of the Port, to prove that the actual weight of the packages is not less than that stated in such invoice

WM. H. LEE,
April 21—3i Clerk Privy Council.


## BRITISH SHOE STORE.

A. J. RICKARDS & CO.

*Per "Etna."*

LADIES' SLIPPERS.

LADIES Patent Seal Slippers
" Black Roan Dressing Slippers
" Embd. Carpet Morning "
" Buff Margate " "
" Black Kid Opera "
" White Kid "
" Black Cashmere "
" Col'd Morocco Colleen Bawn do.

LADIES' BOOTS.

Ladies' Levant Balmoral Hessian Boots
" " Elastic side " "
" Satin Francais " "
" White Kid Elastic side
" " Jean " "

MEN'S BOOTS.

Men's Kid Elastic Side Mock Lace Boots
" Levant Elastic side Calf Goloshed do
" Calf Balmoral do.
" Patent Dress Elastic side do.

MISSES' AND CHILDRENS.

Patent Strap Shoes, Fancy Boots
White Jean Boots, Kid Slippers, &c.

*WHOLESALE & RETAIL.*

April 14 GRANVILLE STREET.

## DRY GOODS.

### Anderson, Billings & Co.'s

IMPORTATIONS FOR

### The Wholesale Trade.

SPRING, 1869.

WE are in receipt of the bulk of the Importations for the Spring Trade.

**WHITE & GREY COTTONS**

and other Staples and Domestics of every description,
White and Colored Warp, 1500 Bundles
Printed Cottons, new styles, unusually cheap,
Job Prints, in 25 lb bundles, Patches & Fents
Household and Heavy Linens, &c.
Fancy Dress, most extensive variety
Plain Stuffs, Black Coburgs, Lusters, Paramattas,
Balmoral Crapes, &c.
Scotch, West of England and Yorkshire Cloths,
Waterproof and Mantle Cloths,

**READY-MADE CLOTHING &c.**

N B. All the above have been laid in at Low rates, and are offered accordingly,

The Warerooms devoted to the Fancy Departments are unusually stocked. The variety includes Straw Goods and Millinery, Flowers, Feathers and Milliners's Trimmings; Ties, Ribbons, Lace Goods, Shawls and Mantles; Parasols, Gloves, Hosiery, Corsets, &c.

All of which are offered Wholesale to the Trade on the most favorable terms.

ANDERSON BILLING & Co,
Warehouse: 97 and 99 Granville st.

ap 14

## FROM THE WEST!

The Ladies in connection with the Cascumpec Wesleyan Church are desirous of holding a bassar during the coming summer in order to raise funds for the purpose of completing the Chapel at that place.

They solicit from the friends of the cause of christianity donations of useful articles, such as children's clothes, ladies aprons, sacques, &c., &c, as such articles can be disposed of to a better advantage than the ordinary needle-work goods generally presented to such purposes.

The following Ladies have consented to receive, and forward all articles donated and sent to their care:—

Mrs. Thos. Gilmour, and Miss Dockrill, St. John, N B, Mrs. J. Higgins, Charlottetown, Mrs. Horatio Wright, Bedeque, and Mrs. John Clark, Cascumpec.

April 14.

## DENTISTRY

### Dr. Louis De Chevry,

DENTIST FROM PARIS.

Establishment, 75 BIRMINGHAM STREET, Spring Gardens.

16 years Practice in Dentistry in Montreal, Quebec, Ottawa, Charlottetown, and for the last three years in St. John, N. B.

### Extraordinary Chance!

*NEVER BEFORE OFFERED TO THE PEOPLE OF NOVA SCOTIA.*

Artificial Teeth inserted in every style, with such a close imitation of nature that the most skillful eye cannot discern the differance.

All Dental operations are performed with professional dexterity.

Teeth inserted with or without extracting the roots.

*SEE THE PRICES.*

**VULCANITE RUBBER PLATE.**

| | |
|---|---|
| A full sett of teeth (28 teeth) | $25 |
| An upper or lower set (14 teeth) | 15 |

**PURE SILVER PLATE**

| | |
|---|---|
| A full sett of teeth (28 teeth) | 20 |
| An upper or lower sett (14 teeth) | 10 |

**PURE GOLD PLATE**

| | |
|---|---|
| A full sett of teeth (28 teeth) | 30 |
| An upper or ower sett (14) teeth | 18 |

These low prices will be received only for the first month, from 29th Dec 1868, to 29th January, 1869. All orders received during that period will be delivered at the same rate.

The intention of Dr. De Chevry, in giving such low prices to the public, is to become well known throughout the Province, therefore those in all circumstances will do well to embrace this opportunity.

Teeth filled with Pure Gold, Platina, Pure Silver, Tinfoil, and the best Cements.

All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Advice given daily free of charge.

No charge for extracting teeth or roots, from 1 28, when an order is to be given for a full set or single one.

All the materials employed imported from the best manufactories.

WANTED.—Two or three Young Gentlemen to study the profession. Feb 3

RING'S

Vegetable Ambrosia, FOR GRAY HAIR.

This is the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Man who was bald and gray,
Who now has raven locks, they say.
He used the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Maiden, handsome and gay,
Who married the man once bald and gray,
Who now has raven locks, they say.
He used the AMBROSIA that Ring made,

This is the Parson, who, by the way,
Married the maiden, handsome and gay,
To the man once bald and gray,
But who now has raven locks, they say,
Because he used the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Bell that rings away
To arouse the people and say
Unto this fact, which here does lay—
*If you would not be bald or gray,*
*Use the AMBROSIA that Ring made.*

E. M. TUBBS & CO., PROPRIETORS, PETERBORO', N.H.

Sold at Whole sale by Cogswell & Forsyth Avery Brown & Co., and Thos. Durney, Halifax L. J. Cogswell, at Kentville, T B Baker & Son, St. John, N. B., and by retail Druggists. sep 2 1y.

## 99 GRANVILLE STREET. 99

### Wholesale and Retail!

Received per Steamship "KANGAROO,"

**TWO BALES OF**

### Horrockses Shirtings

Which will be sold very low.

—ALSO—

A LARGE VARIETY OF

### White Cotton Sheetings,

Which will be sold equally low.

feb 4 SMITH BROS

## TO LET.

FOR a period of one or more years, from the first day of May next, that pleasantly situated Dwelling house and premises, at Bridgetown in the county of Annapolis, formerly owned and occupied by the late Thomas Spurr, and now belonging to the Estate of the late T. Lovett Bishop. This property consists of the large and convenient dwelling house—a horse stable and coach house, and all necessary outbuildings—about twelve acres of land attached, including the large front lawn, judiciously planted with ornamental and fruit trees, and the Gardens, enclosed by a hawthorn hedge and stocked with an extensive variety of fruit bearing shrubbery, and pear, plum, and cherry trees, and the whole of the land in the highest state of cultivation.

Besides the above there is a field containing ten acres, separated from it only by an intervening field of equal size, owned by another proprietor.

The property described, being situate within a walk of five or ten minutes only, from the Railway Station, will form a most desirable residence for a gentleman and family who may be desirous to remove from the city to a healthful rural residence, and where all the accessories of comfort and happiness are available at a cheap annual rental, and a moderate annual expenditure.

For terms, and other particulars, parties are requested to apply to Hon. S. L. Shannon, Halifax, or to either of the Subscribers—

CHARLOTTE BISHOP SMITH,
EXECUTRIX.
T. W. CHESLEY, Executor
Fridgetown Annapolis Co, Jan, 30th, 1869.
march 1

CLARK'S EXCELSIOR

## WASHING COMPOSITION.

The best and greatest discovery of the age for Washing purposes, worth from ten to twenty dollars a year in a family of six to ten persons.

### Washboards and Machines Farewell!

It will wash in hard or soft water.

Clark's Excelsior Washing Composition is patented, and warranted perfectly free from everything injurious to cloths, hands or health.

R. HANNAH,
General Agent for New Brunswick and N. Scotia

Agents wanted in every City, Town and Village liberal discount allowed.

March 31.

### New Spring and Summer

## MILLINERY,

*Per Steamship Kangaroo.*

Straw Goods, Bonnets and Hats, Trimmings of all kinds, Flowers and Feathers. Also Black Dress Crapes and Baratheas, and a few Low Priced Tweeds, bought much under value.

ANDERSON BILLING & CO.

March 31.

### Ayer's Ague Cure.

## BRITISH WOOLLEN HALL,

132 GRANVILLE STREET 134

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The undersigned would intimate to their Friends and Customers that they are now receiving their SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK, which will be found large and well selected.

SPECIAL ATTENTION CALLED TO THEIR

### NEW DRESS GOODS

in all the new material,—Silk, Cloth and Velveteens, Mantles, Waterproof do, &c., &c.

COATINGS, TWEEDS, HATS, CAPS, AND UNDER-CLOTHING, READY MADE CLOTHING, KNICKERBOCKER SUITS in new designs, and made up in the neatest styles.

*SCOTCH CARPETING, DRUGGETINGS, FLOOR, OIL CLOTHS,* and no end of Small Ware.

**WORTH LOOKING AFTER**

**GREY AND WHITE COTTONS, and House furnishing Goods** decidedly cheap.

**NO SECOND PRICE.**

Halifax, April 14, 1869 KNOX & JORDAN.

## THE STANDARD

## *Life Assurance Company,*

ESTABLISHED IN 1825.

With which is now united the

### Colonial Life Assurance Company.

HEAD OFFICE,—EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND.

Accumulated Fund—(at 15th Nov. 1867) £3,885,483, 1. 2. Stg.
Annual Income—(at 15th Nov. 1867,) £693,894 13. 1. Stg.

**Head Office for Nova Scotia and P. E. Island,**

### 14 BEDFORD ROW,

### Halifax, N. S.

**Board of Directors,**

Honorable M B Almon,
Charles Twining, Esq., Q C.
Honorable Alex. Keith,
J. J. Sawyer, Esq., Sheriff,
Medical Adviser—Hon. D. McNeil Parker, M. D.
Secretary to the Local Board—MATTHEW H. RICHEY.

Age and Interest admitted on the Company's Policies in all cases where proof is given satisfactory to the Directors.

Thirty days of grace allowed for payment of Premiums.

Assurances forfeited, revived within thirteen months under certain conditions.

Medical Fees paid by the Company.

VOLUNTEERS—Persons assured permitted without Extra Premium to join the Militia, Yeomanry or Volunteers, and to perform any military duties required of them in peace or war in defence of their country.

As an example of the success of the STANDARD COMPANY, it may be stated that a Policy opened in November, 1825, for £1,000 was increased in value in 1865 to £2,727 Stg.

Policies entitled to participate in Profits will participate proportionately hereafter in the Profits of the united Companies.

The next Investigation and Divison of Profits will be made at 15th November, 1870, and quinquennially thereafter.

Reports, Prospectuses, and every information as to the different modes of Life Assurance will be given at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies throughout Nova Scotia.

**AGENTS.**

Amherst—Charles Townshend; Annapolis, James Gray; Bridgetown, Wm. Shipley; Charlottetown Hon. J. Longworth; Digby, R. S. Fitzrandolph; Kentville, Thos W. Harris; Lunenburg, Henry S Jost; Windsor, P. S. Burnham; Yarmouth, H. A. Grantham.

Applications from other town should for the present be forwarded direct to

**M. H Richey Solicitor, &c.**

General Agent and Secretary to the Local Board,

**14 BEDFORD ROW, Halifax, N.S.**

Sept. 9

## UNION MUTUAL

## Life Insurance Company, of Maine.

**Directors' Office: 27 Court Street, Boston, Mass.**

HENRY CROCKER, President; W. H. HOLLISTER, Secretary;
B. R. Corwin, St. John, N. B., Manager for Canada.
Hon. J. H. Gray, M. P., Ottawa, Counsel for Canada.

| | |
|---|---|
| ASSETTS DECEMBER 31st, 1868 | $3,730,836,67 |
| LOSSES PAID TO DATE | 1,479,243,00 |
| DIVIDENDS PAID IN CASH TO DATE | 660,515,75 |
| POLICIES IN FORCE, 14,000 | |
| AMOUNT INSURED THEREBY | 32,000,000,00 |
| Surplus over three quarters of a million Dollars. | |
| The actual figures are | 785,483,00 |

The Company having complied with the Insurance Law, is prepared to continue and largely extend its business in the Dominion, offering to parties intending Insurance all the benefits of a long established, economical and purely mutual institution.

No Stock or Guarantee Capital drawing interest, but in lieu thereof

OVER THREE QUARTERS OF A MILLION DOLLARS SURPLUS.

**BOARD OF REFERENCE**

ST JOHN, N B

Hon A McL Seeley, Zebedee Ring, Esq, James Harris, Esq, Thos Hatheway, Esq, Jeremiah Harrison, Esq., Messrs. McMorran & Prichard.

FREDERICTON—Spafford Barker, Esq, Merchant, Rev D D Currie.

SACKVILLE—Rev. Charles