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A Profitable Cow

An Ayrahire cow, Marjorie 16536, at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, has recently completed an extra good record. A representative of Farm and Dairy, while in Ottawa last week was informed by Mr. J. H. Grisdale, of the Experimental Farm,



Horses and cattle have a habit f leaning and pressing down open the top wire of a fence.

If persisted in, this continual pressure will ere long cause the long stays on the ordinary fence to bend—then break. And your fence becomes dis-

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The lock is the twin of one that has been in use for years in the United States and pronounced the best lock on a stiff-

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Cannot spread or looser May we send catalogue with full description of this differ-ent kind of a stiff-stay fence?

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As well as a complete line of ornamental fences and gates. Just write for our agency

The Owen Sound Wire Fence Co.

Owen Sound, -Ontario that in seven days, Feb. 8 to Feb. 14, this cow had given 396 lbs. milk testing 5.1 per cent or 20.22 lbs. butter-fat. The average daily production of milk was 55% [bs. while the amount of milk produced while the amount of milk produced with the seven per constant of the seven

While the amount or mits produced was not exceptional it was produced at comparatively little cost, owing to the small amount of feed consumed. During the seven days this cow consumed daily 50 to 60 bas, of roots, 25 bs. ensilage, 5 lbs. clover hay and 15 bs. weal. The meal was composed of

sumed daily 50 to 60 lbs. of roots, 20 lbs. ensinge, 5 lbs. clover hay and 15 lbs. meal. The meal was composed of 6 lbs. bran, 3 lbs. pea meal, 3 lbs. oil meal, 2 lbs. gluten and 1 lb. oats. The butter produced at the Experiments of the control o

Receseceseceseces The Feeders' Corner

The Feeders' Corner

The Feeders' Corner is for the use of our subscribers. Any interested are invited to ask questions, or send items of interest. All questions will receive prompts attention.

Feed Molasses to Dairy Cattle

"Last winter we fed molasses to our dairy cows and they did well on it," said Mr. Hector Gordon, of th, said Mr. Hector Gordon, or Howick, Quebec, to a staff representa-tive of Farm and Dairy who visited his place recently. "The cows were his place recently. "The cows were fed cut straw with ensilage on it, and some molasses diluted with water spread over all. The cows not only ate it up clean but they licked their mangers and looked for more.

"The molasses cost us on an average 30 cents a gallon. It required about four gallons a week to feed 15 cows twice a day. Our grocer bought us the molasses last year by the hogsus the molasses last year by the hogs-head, delivered in car loads at our station. This winter we are unable to feed it as the price of molasses has advanced."

Composition of Feeds Stuffs

On page 3 of Farm and Dairy, January On page 3 of Parm and Dairy, January Zist sisue, in an article on the Adulteration of Gattle Feeds, there is a table of compositions of foods is the correct as regards its amounts of north-contained indifferent foods. For instance linear mean contains only 90.4 crude protein, and gluten feed contains 38.5 crude protein, and gluten feed contains 25.9 crude protein. Kindly advise met fthis is correct and greatly oblige—A. T. W., Beacounfield, Ont.

Beaconsteld, Ont.

The average composition given in the table referred to was taken from the College bulletin 138, "The Composition of Ontario Feeding-Stuffs," and is the average of thirteen samples are followed in our laboratory. The amount of protein in these thirteen samples varied from 23.87 to 33.94, average 30.41. The average for the gluten feed was also taken from the same bulletin and is, for saventeen samples sent in to us and named gluten feed, from 23.58 to 28.44 percent, average 25.65 per cent. The analyses of twenty-two samples of accent., average 20.00 per cent. The analyses of twenty-two samples of so-called gluten meals are also given in the same bulletin. The variation in these was from 15.00 to 34.09 per cent., average 24.96 per cent. We cannot be certain that any of the samples were pure gluten meals and the average placed in the table referred to was secured from elsewhere. The Vermonts and New York Experiment Stations accord analyses of pure gluten meals are very secured to the gluten meal and the gluten feed are by-products in the manufacture of starch and glucose from corn. The gluten meal is the best of the protein or glutinous part of the corn and the gluten feed is a mixture of the corn bran and the gluten feed is a mixture of the corn bran and the gluten feed is a mixture of the corn bran and the gluten feed is a mixture of the corn bran and the gluten feed is a mixture of the corn bran and the gluten feed is a mixture of the corn bran and the gluten feed is a mixture of the corn bran and the true gluten feed in the corn bran and the gluten feed in a mixture of the corn bran and the true gluten feed in the corn bran and the gluten feed in the corn feed in the corn bran and the gluten feed in the corn not be certain that any of the sam-

meals. There seems to be a tendency in this country to sell all glutens under the name gluten meal instead of gluten feed. The wide variation in products selling under the same name is certainly a good veason for the ensemble of a law which makes it commended to their constant of the country of the country of their country of their country of their country of their country of the country of th intelligent use of these valuable feeding stuffs.—R. Harcourt, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

Our Legal Adviser

DAMAGES FOR BUSH FIRE—Can I claim damages in the case of a bush fire last fall? The case may be stat'd as folious: B put out fire in a slash at a time when the weather was very dry, though one of the control of the c

B has a right to set out fire on his own land for the purpose of clearing it, and is not responsible if the fire it, and is not responsible if the are should happen to escape to a neigh-bor's land, if he, (B), has set out the same at a suitable time, and has taken reasonable precautions afterwards, to confine the fire to his own property.

If he fails to do this he would be If he fails to do this he would be liable to damages for his negligence. The question of negligence is ordinarily one which should be dealt with by a jury, who would have to take stances of the case. The nature of the weather, whether dry or wet, the condition of the wind, the time of the year, the help provided to prevent

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